UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-QSB

(Mark One)

[X] Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended December 31, 2001

[] For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: 0-22773

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. (Previously NETSOL INTERNATIONAL, INC.) (Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

<TABLE>
<S>
NEVADA
State or other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)
</TABLE>
C>
05-4627685
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

24025 Park Sorrento, Suite 220, Calabasas, CA 91302 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(818) 222-9195 / (818) 222-9197 (Issuer's telephone/facsimile numbers, including area code)

Check whether the issuer: (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the issuer was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes [X] No []

The issuer had 15,979,505 shares of its \$.001 par value Common Stock issued and outstanding as of February 14, 2002.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one)

Yes [] No [X]

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NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES (Formerly Netsol International, Inc.) CONSOLIDATED UNAUDITED BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2001

ASSETS

<table> <s></s></table>	<c></c>
CURRENT ASSETS:	
Cash	\$ 239,053
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of	,,
\$78,718	1,310,940
Revenues in excess of billings	182,038
Other current assets	256,164
Total current assets	1,988,195
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net of accumulated	
depreciation and amortization of \$ 1,146,251	2,905,914
OTHER ASSETS	741,012
INTANGIBLES:	
Product licenses, renewals, enhancements, copyrights,	
Trademarks and trade names, net	3,060,563
Customer lists, net	1,354,154
Goodwill, net	1,755,000
Total intangibles, net	6,169,717
	 \$ 11,804,838
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
	¢ 2 050 221
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Billings in excess of revenues	\$ 2,950,331 10,882
Net assets of subsidiary under winding up order	49,752
Notes payable, bank	248,963
Current maturities of obligations under capital lease	180,112
Mahal august listilities	
Total current liabilities	3,440,040
OBLIGATIONS UNDER CAPITALIZED LEASES, less current maturities	313, 334
LITIGATION SETTLEMENT	171,860
LOAN PAYABLE	128,765
CONTINGENCY (see Notes)	
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:	
Common stock; \$.001 par value, 25,000,000 shares authorized,	
15,860,225 shares issued and outstanding	15,860
Stock subscriptions receivable	(43,650)
Additional paid-in capital	30,963,187
Other comprehensive income	317,201
Accumulated deficit	(23, 501, 759)
Total stockholders' equity	7,750,839
	\$ 11,804,838

</TABLE>

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES (Formerly Netsol International, Inc.) CONSOLIDATED UNAUDITED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	Three months ended December 31,		Six months ended December 31,	
	2001	2000*	2001	2000*
<\$>	 <c></c>	 <c></c>	 <c></c>	 <c></c>
NET REVENUES	\$ 856,940	\$ 2,005,476	\$ 1,986,770	\$ 3,910,985
COST OF REVENUES	820,275	1,005,442	1,727,746	1,816,612
GROSS PROFIT	36,665	1,000,034	259,024	2,094,373
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Selling and marketing	66,973	17,114	126,087	239,431
Depreciation and amortization	408,740	304,575	817,663	638,364
Settlement expenses			389,860	
Salaries and wages	371,215	585,072	389,860 780,854	1,070,312
Professional services, including non-cash				
compensation	159,355	395,268	631,368	606,581
General and administrative	316,137	1,037,901	613,244	1,274,826
Total operating expenses	1,322,420	2,339,930	3,359,076	
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	(1,285,755)	(1,339,896)	(3,100,052)	(1,735,141)
OTHER INCOME/(EXPENSE)	(100,601)	67,093	(132, 822)	124,233
LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	(1,386,356)	(1,272,803)		(1,610,908)
LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		(21,498)		(391,486)
NET LOSS	 \$ (1,386,356)	 \$ (1,294,301)	\$ (3,232,874)	(2,002,394)
		===============		
NET LOSS PER SHARE BASIC AND DILUTED:				
CONTINUING OPERATIONS	\$ (0.10)	\$ (0.11)	\$ (0.24)	\$ (0.14)
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		(0.01)		(0.04)
NET LOSS	\$ (0.10)	\$ (0.12)	\$ (0.24)	\$ (0.18)
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING -	14 501 050	11 006 111	10 005 744	10 000 007
BASIC AND DILUTED		11,026,111		

</TABLE>

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES (Formerly Netsol International, Inc.) UNAUDITED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	THREE MONTHS ENDEDSIX MONTHS ENDEDDECEMBER 31,DECEMBER 31,			
	2001	2000	2001	2000
<s> Net loss</s>	 <c> \$ (1,386,356)</c>	 <c> \$ (1,294,301)</c>	 <c> \$ (3,232,874)</c>	 <c> \$ (2,002,394)</c>
Other comprehensive income/(loss)- foreign currency translation	236, 645	(380,914)	167,442	(789,879)
Comprehensive income/(loss)	\$ (1,149,711) =========	\$ (1,675,215) ========	\$ (3,065,432) =======	\$ (2,792,273) =======

</TABLE>

* Restated for discontinued operation.

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

<table></table>
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	Six months ended	Six months ended
	December 31, 2001	December 31, 2000*
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net loss from continuing operations	\$(3,232,874) 	\$(1,610,908)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE NET INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Depreciation and amortization	971,976	683,639
Non-cash compensation and settlement expense	748,513	64,800
Bad debt expense	9,324	425,402
CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES:		
(INCREASE) DECREASE IN ASSETS:		(
Accounts receivable	674,607	(989,308)
Other current assets	72,584	629,105
Other assets	64,343	(735,350)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN LIABILITIES -		
accounts payable and accrued expenses	126,160	(2,058,541)
Total adjustments	2,667,507	(1,980,253)
NET CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(565, 367)	(3,591,161)
CACH FLOWS DEOUTDED BY (HEFD FOD) INTEGRATIC ACTIVITATES.		
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from certificate of deposit	32,031	1 000 000
Proceeds from certificate of deposit Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(50, 427)	1,000,000 (483,649)
Furchase of property, prant and equipment	(50,427)	(405, 049)
NET CASH (USED FOR) PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(18,396)	516,351
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Issuance of common stock and warrants, net	419,050	1,091,600
Proceeds from loans payable, stockholders, net	·	437, 419
Proceeds from (payments on) notes payable, net	171,323	·
Payments on loan payable		(75,000)
Exercise of stock options		33,000
Payments on capital lease obligations	(73,682)	(56, 997)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	516,691	1,430,022
NET (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FROM		
CONTINUING OPERATIONS	(67,072)	(1,644,788)
CASH USED FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		(77, 514)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(67,072)	(1,722,302)
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period	306, 125	2,981,046
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS, end of period	\$ 239,053	\$ 1,258,744
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:		
	\$ 59,077	\$ 31,643
Interest paid	<i>\$ 59,077</i>	\$
Income taxes paid	\$ 3,597	\$ 800
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Issuance of 650,000 shares of common		
stock per settlement agreements	\$ 389,860	\$
	==========	~ =========
Issuance of 200,000 shares of common stock		
Applied against acquisition payable	\$ 50,000	\$
Issuance of common stock		
for services rendered, including related party	\$ 358,653	\$ 64,800
/		

 | |* Restated for discontinued operation.

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES (Formerly Netsol International, Inc.) NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SIX AND THREE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001 AND 2000 (UNAUDITED)

PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION: The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Network Solutions (PVT), Ltd., NetSol (PVT), Limited, NetSol Connect (PVT), Ltd., NetSol UK, Limited, Network Solutions Group Ltd. and Subsidiaries, Abraxas Australia Pty, Ltd., NetSol eR, Inc., Supernet AG and NetSol USA, Inc. All material intercompany accounts have been eliminated in consolidation.

COMPANY NAME CHANGE: Effective February 8, 2002, the Company changed its name from NetSol International, Inc. to NetSol Technologies, Inc. The name change was approved by a majority of shareholders at the Company's annual shareholders meeting and by the board of directors.

BUSINESS ACTIVITY: The Company designs, develops, markets, and exports proprietary software products to customers in the automobile finance and leasing industry worldwide. The Company also provides consulting services in exchange for fees from customers.

USE OF ESTIMATES: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION: The consolidated condensed interim financial statements included herein have been prepared by the Company, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although the Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading.

WINDING-UP ORDER: Effective November 26, 2001, Network Solutions Ltd., the operating subsidiary of Network Solutions Group Ltd., entered into a Winding-up Order (liquidation) with The Insolvency Service in the United Kingdom ("UK"). The Insolvency Service is an executive agency within the Department of Trade and Industry in the UK. The Company anticipates a final dissolution order from The Insolvency Service for these entities to be received within 90-120 days from placement date. This UK entity has had no operations in the current fiscal year. NetSol Technologies has negotiated a settlement agreement with the largest creditor of Network Solutions Ltd. NetSol Technologies has now assumed this debt, the present value of which approximated \$170,000 at December 31, 2001 using the effective interest rate method. Of this amount, \$128,765 is presented as a long-term loan payable at December 31, 2001. This settlement was reached to remove the personal guarantee of a prior director of NetSol Technologies, subject to the terms of the agreement being satisfied. The net assets of Network Solutions Ltd. (excluding the above amount assumed by NetSol Technologies) are presented as a separate line item under current liabilities on the consolidated December 31, 2001 balance sheet.

GOING CONCERN: The Company's consolidated financial statements are prepared using the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. Without realization of additional capital, it would be unlikely for the Company to continue as a going concern. The factor raises substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Management recognizes that the Company must generate additional resources to enable it to continue operations. Management has implemented its plan, which includes closing down its generating UK entities, disposal of its German subsidiary, and cost cutting measures at every entity level. Additionally,

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management's plans also include the sale of additional equity securities and debt financing from related parties and outside third parties. However, no assurance can be given that the Company will be successful in raising additional capital. Further, there can be no assurance, assuming the Company successfully raises additional equity, that the Company will achieve profitability or positive cash flow. If management is unable to raise additional capital and expected significant revenues do not result in positive cash flow, the Company will not be able to meet its obligations and may have to cease operations.

Uncertainties

On September 11, 2001, the United States was the target of terrorist attacks of unprecedented scope. These attacks have caused major instability in the U.S. and other financial markets. Leaders of the U.S. government have announced their intention to actively pursue those behind the attacks and to possibly initiate broader action against global terrorism. Due to these attacks, any response may lead to armed hostilities or to further acts of terrorism in the United States or elsewhere, and such developments would likely cause further instability in financial markets. In addition, armed hostilities and further acts of terrorism may directly impact the Company's physical facilities and operations, which are located in North America, Australia and the Southeast Asian Region (including collectively significant subsidiaries located in Pakistan), or those of their customers. Furthermore, the recent terrorist attacks, declaration of war against terrorism and future developments may result in reduced demand from customers for services or may negatively impact the clients' ability to outsource. Currently, there are tensions involving Afghanistan, a neighbor of Pakistan. These hostilities and tensions could lead to political or economic instability in Pakistan and a possible adverse effect on operations and future financial performance. These developments will subject the Company's worldwide operations to increased risks and, depending on their magnitude, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

These statements reflect all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for fair presentation of the information contained therein. It is suggested that these consolidated condensed financial statements be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended June 30, 2001. The Company follows the same accounting policies in preparation of interim reports.

Results of operations for the interim periods are not indicative of annual results.

FOREIGN CURRENCY: The accounts of Network Solutions Group Ltd. and Subsidiaries and NetSol UK, Limited use the British Pounds, Network Solutions PK, Ltd., NetSol (Pvt), Limited and NetSol Connect PVT, Ltd. use Pakistan Rupees, NetSol Abraxas Australia Pty, Ltd. uses the Australian dollar and Supernet AG uses the German Mark as the functional currencies. NetSol Technologies, Inc. and subsidiaries NetSol USA, Inc. and NetSol eR, Inc. use the U.S. dollars as the functional currencies. Assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate on the balance sheet date, and operating results are translated at the average exchange rate throughout the period. Translation gains of \$317,201 at December 31, 2001 are classified as an item of other comprehensive income in the stockholders' equity section of the consolidated balance sheet.

REVENUE RECOGNITION: Revenue is recognized when earned. The Company's revenue recognition policies are in compliance with all applicable accounting regulations, including American Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("AICPA") Statement of Position ("SOP") 97-2, Software Revenue Recognition, as amended by SOP 98-4 and 98-9. Any revenues from software arrangements with multiple elements are allocated to each element of the arrangement based on the relative fair values using specific objective evidence as defined in the SOPs. If no such objective evidence exists, revenues from the arrangements are not recognized until the entire arrangement is completed and accepted by the customer. Once the amount of the revenue for each element is determined, the Company recognizes revenue as each element is completed and accepted by the customer. For arrangements that require significant production, modification or customization of software, the entire arrangement is accounted for by the percentage of completion method, in conformity with Accounting Research Bulletin ("ARB") No. 45 and SOP 81-1.

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NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS: In July 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 141 "Business Combinations." SFAS No. 141 supersedes Accounting Principles Board ("APB") No. 16 and requires that any business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001 be accounted for as a purchase; therefore, eliminating the pooling-of-interest method defined in APB 16. The statement is effective for any business combination initiated after June 30, 2001 and shall apply to all business combinations accounted for by the purchase method for which the date of acquisition is July 1, 2001 or later. The Company does not expect the adoption to have a material impact to the Company's financial position or results of operations since the Company has not participated in such activities covered under this pronouncement.

In July 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangibles." SFAS No. 142 addresses the initial recognition, measurement and amortization of intangible assets acquired individually or with a group of other assets (but not those acquired in a business combination) and addresses the amortization provisions for excess cost over fair value of net assets acquired or intangibles acquired in a business combination. The statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001, and is effective July 1, 2001 for any intangibles acquired in a business combination initiated after June 30, 2001. The Company is evaluating any accounting effect, if any, arising from the recently issued SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangibles" on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

In October 2001, the FASB recently issued SFAS No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations," which requires companies to record the fair value of a liability for asset retirement obligations in the period in which they are incurred. The statement applies to a company's legal obligations associated with the retirement of a tangible long-lived asset that results from the acquisition, construction, and development or through the normal operation of a long-lived asset. When a liability is initially recorded, the company would capitalize the cost, thereby increasing the carrying amount of the related asset. The capitalized asset retirement cost is depreciated over the life of the respective asset while the liability is accreted to its present value. Upon settlement of the liability, the obligation is settled at its recorded amount or the company incurs a gain or loss. The statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2002. The Company does not expect the adoption to have a material impact to the Company's financial position or results of operations.

In October 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets". Statement 144 addresses the accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets. The statement provides a single accounting model for long-lived assets to be disposed of. New criteria must be met to classify the asset as an asset held-for-sale. This statement also focuses on reporting the effects of a disposal of a segment of a business. This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. The Company does not expect the adoption to have a material impact to the Company's financial position or results of operations.

PRIVATE PLACEMENT: The Company sold 550,000 shares of its restricted Rule 144 common stock in the amount of \$82,500 through a private placement offering during the quarter ended December 31, 2001 pursuant to Rule 506 of Regulation D of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1933.

Certain employees exercised 140,000 \$0.25 stock options during the second quarter, resulting in an additional \$35,000 of cash flows from financing activities.

INTANGIBLES ASSETS: Accumulated amortization at December 31, 2001 was \$1,271,616 for products licenses, renewals, enhancements, copyrights, trademarks and trade names, \$1,135,311 for customer lists and \$1,442,500 for goodwill.

LITIGATION SETTLEMENT: The Company has reached a settlement agreement involving an ongoing litigation with Adrian Cowler and the Surrey Design Partnership Limited. \$389,860 of costs resulting with this settlement has been recorded in the first quarter of fiscal 2002 using the effective interest method. Terms of the settlement agreement call for issuance of 650,000 restricted shares of the Company's common stock (issued in November 2001) and cash payments in aggregate approximating \$286,000 over the next four years and three months

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(through March 31, 2006), of which \$171,860 is classified as long term on the balance sheet at December 31, 2001.

CONTINGENCY: The Company, in the determined event of default, may become potentially liable up to \$400,000 with respect to some of its obligations under a registration rights agreement with Deephaven Capital Management.

BUSINESS COMBINATIONS ACCOUNTED FOR UNDER THE POOLING OF INTEREST METHOD:

SUPERNET AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT (SUPERNET AG)

On May 2, 2000, the Company issued 425,600 Rule 144 restricted common shares in exchange for 100% of the outstanding capital stock of Supernet

Aktiengesellschaft, a German Company. This business combination was accounted for using the pooling of interest method of accounting under APB Opinion No. 16, and accordingly, the accompanying financial statements have been restated to show the results of operations as if the combination had occurred at the beginning of all periods presented. On May 1, 2001, management of the Company committed to a formal plan to dispose of Supernet AG, a division or segment of the Company, through a sale of all the issued and outstanding shares of Supernet AG. The closing date was on May 21, 2001. The Company is following the guidance of APB No. 30 in the accounting for and disclosure of this disposal. The losses from operations of this discontinued division is presented on the face on the Statement of Operations for all periods presented. There are no applicable corresponding income tax effects, which applied to this disposal. Revenues applicable to this discontinued division were \$347,370 for the six months ended December 31, 2000. Included in accounts payable and accrued expenses at December 31, 2001 is approximately \$140,000 remaining that the Company has accrued for under the terms of the sale agreement.

RECLASSIFICATIONS: Certain accounts balances from the prior year comparable

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 2

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION

GENERAL

NetSol Technologies, Inc. ("NetSol" or the "Company") is in the business of information technology ("I/T") services. Since it was founded in 1997, the Company has developed enterprise solutions that help clients use I/T more efficiently in order to improve their operations and profitability and to achieve business results. Network Solutions Pvt. Ltd. ("NetSol PK") develops the majority of the software for the Company. NetSol PK was the first company in Pakistan to achieve the ISO 9001 accreditation. The Company is in the process of attaining SEI CMM Level 3 accreditation. This is one of the highest levels of recognition for quality and best practices a software house can achieve.

Company Business Model

The Company offers a broad array of professional services to clients in the global commercial markets and specializes in the application of advanced and complex I/T enterprise solutions to achieve its customers' strategic objectives. Its service offerings include outsourcing, systems integration, customized IT solutions, project/program management and I/T management consultancy, as well as other professional services, including e-business solutions.

Outsourcing involves operating all or a portion of a customer's technology infrastructure, including systems analysis, system design and architecture, change management, enterprise applications development, network operations, desktop computing and data center management.

Systems integration encompasses designing, developing, implementing and integrating complete information systems.

I/T and management consulting services include advising clients on the strategic acquisition and utilization of I/T and on business strategy, operations, change management and business process reengineering.

The Company also develops sophisticated software systems for the asset based lease and finance industries. NetSol has developed a complete integrated lease and finance package, which is a series of five products that can be marketed and utilized in an integrated system. These products are ePOS, PMS, SMS, CMS (under development), and WFS. These five applications form the full suite of the asset based lending Enterprise Resource Planning applications. These applications can run virtually the entire operations of a captive leasing company.

NetSol ePOS is a browser-based Point of Sale system that can be used by any front-end selling operation, including motor vehicle dealers and other outlets. ePOS users create quotations and financing applications for the customers using predefined financial products. The proposal is submitted to Back Office (PMS) for credit approval. After analysis, the proposal is sent back to ePOS system with a final decision.

Proposal Management System (PMS) provides various finance/leasing companies with the ability to quickly assess the worthiness of an applicant applying for a loan or a lease. The core of the system is driven by a strong workflow management engine with integrated links to credit rating agencies and offers an automated point scoring strategy for automatic approval/rejection/referral. It can be customized to link to any Point of Sale System, and it has the ability to integrate any vehicle data provider such as Glass' Guide in Europe and Australia.

The NetSol Wholesale Finance System (WFS) is developed to automate and manage the Whole Sale Finance (Floor Plan) activities of a Finance Company. The design of the system is based on the concept of One Loan One Asset to facilitate Asset Tracking and Costing of an asset. The system covers Credit Limit

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Request, Payment of Loan, Billing, and Settlement, Auditing of Stocks, Dealer Information and ultimately the pay-off functions.

Settlement Management System (SMS) verifies the signed document sent by the dealer/broker/third party against the information stored in the Proposal Management System database. SMS verifies all calculations before loading the contract into the Contract Management System. Other main features are collection of first rental and disbursement of funds to dealers, insurance companies and other third parties. Workflow software is part of SMS and it enables the users of SMS to communicate with Proposal Management workflow or within its own workgroup.

The Contract Management System (CMS) manages lease/finance contracts for financing of vehicles from inception until completion and creates all the required accounting entries to interface with a general ledger. The leasing company is able to establish, maintain and terminate such financial contracts. Contracts may include added value services such as vehicle maintenance and/or insurance premiums. It furthermore incorporates functional extensions such as litigation, remarketing of vehicles, securitization of a portfolio and post dated check management.

These are traditionally complex business applications and require a great deal of industry experience both in the development as well as implementation stages. NetSol, over the years, has developed core competencies in the asset based lending software space. These are sought after skills shared in a team of approximately 30 business consultants. NetSol is able to demand a premium for these consultants and leverages this competency when bidding for new business.

Typically, the sales cycle for these products is anywhere between six to twelve months and NetSol derives its income both from selling the license to use the products as well as extensive customization, implementation, support and maintenance. License fees can vary generally between \$75,000 to \$500,000 per license depending upon the size of the customer and the complexity of the customization. The revenue for the license and the customization flows in several phases and could take from six months to two years before its is fully recognized as income in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

STATUS OF ANY NEW PRODUCTS OR SERVICES

The Company expanded its menu of software into banking and other financial areas. NetSol PK launched new customized banking applications software. The Company has the technical know how and capability to successfully enter this vibrant banking sector. Over eight new business development and project management teams in the area of banking and finance were created in the second quarter of 2001. As a result of this new initiative, NetSol added a new fortune 500 customer such as Citibank in Pakistan. The entry in the banking sector was broadened by creating new relationships with yet new customers such as Askari Leasing Co. and a few other local customers in Asia Pacific region.

NetSol further strengthened its US presence on the West and East Coasts. NetSol's `Proximity Development Center' or PDC model was introduced in the US. PDC provides the Company with the ability to have on shore competencies in project management, systems analysis and design as well as customer relationship management. PDC model provides a face-to-face interaction and interfacing of project managers and high-level developers with the US based customers at very competitive prices.

NetSol USA, as a Government Suppliers Agreement ("GSA") approved vendor, has the ability to participate in numerous government related contracts and projects tendered by the various government agencies.

Marketing and Selling

The objective of the Company's marketing program is to create and sustain preference and loyalty for NetSol as a leading provider of enterprise solutions, e-services consulting and software solutions provider. Marketing is performed at the corporate and business unit levels. The corporate marketing department has

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overall responsibility for communications, advertising, public relations and our website and also engineers and oversees central marketing and communications programs for use by each of our business units.

Our dedicated marketing personnel within the business units undertake a variety of marketing activities, including sponsoring focused client events to demonstrate our skills and products, sponsoring and participating in targeted conferences and holding private briefings with individual companies. We believe that the industry focus of our sales professionals and our business unit marketing personnel enhances their knowledge and expertise in these industries and will generate additional client engagements.

The Company generally enters into written commitment letters with clients at or around the time it commences work on a project. These commitment letters typically contemplate that NetSol and the client will subsequently enter into a more detailed agreement, although the client's obligations under the commitment letter are not conditioned upon the execution of the later agreement. These written commitments and subsequent agreements contain varying terms and conditions and the Company does not generally believe it is appropriate to characterize them as consisting of backlog. In addition, because these written commitments and agreements often provide that the arrangement can be terminated with limited advance notice or penalty, the Company does not believe the projects in process at any one time are a reliable indicator or measure of expected future revenues.

NetSol provides its services primarily to clients in global commercial industries. In the global commercial area, the Company's service offerings are marketed to clients in a wide array of industries including, automotive; chemical; tiles/ceramics; Internet marketing; software; medical, banks and financial services..

Geographically, NetSol has operations in North America, the Middle East and Asia Pacific region.

CHANGES IN FINANCIAL CONDITION

Three Months Ended December 31, 2001 as compared to the Three Months Ended December 31, 2000 (restated for discontinued operation).

Net sales were \$856,940 for the quarter ended December 31, 2001. This is a decrease from the sales of the same quarter for the previous year of \$2,005,476 (restated for discontinued operation), which is as a result of the both closing down of the UK operations and an overall slowing of sales as a result of the economic downturn. The Company is aware of existing customers who have planned significant reductions in their IT spending projections for the near term.

The gross profit was \$36,665 in the quarter ending December 31, 2001. This is in comparison with \$1,000,034 (restated) for the same quarter of the previous year. The gross profit percentage has decreased from approximately 38% for fiscal 2001 to approximately 4% for the second quarter of fiscal 2002 as a result of the Company maintaining staffing levels to appropriately position itself for anticipated new agreements heading into the remainder of the current fiscal year. While management is striving to negotiate better pricing on new agreements, the Company has been required to react to overall general economic factors in determining its present pricing structure.

Operating expenses were \$1,322,420 for the quarter ending December 31, 2001. This compares with \$2,339,930 (restated) for the same quarter of the previous year. The decrease in the current fiscal year is largely attributable decreases in professional fees, general and administrative costs and salaries and wages, slightly offset by higher depreciation charges. Depreciation and amortization expense increased to \$408,740 for the quarter ended December 31, 2001 as compared to \$304,575 for the quarter ended December 31, 2000. Combined general and administrative and salaries and wage costs were \$687,352, or a decrease of \$935,621 from the quarter ended December 31, 2000. This decrease is attributable to a reduction in operational expenses as the company was both in the process of working through the aftermath of the invalid takeover attempt and restructuring its entities at all levels to position itself for new contracts.

Net loss was \$1,386,356 for the quarter ended December 31, 2001 as compared to \$1,294,301 for the quarter ended December 31, 2000. The prior year comparable quarter net loss figure is comprised of a net

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loss of \$1,272,803 from continuing operations and a net loss of \$21,498 from discontinued operations. The increased loss is a direct result of reduced sales while also not reducing sufficient developer staffing levels for anticipated new contracts. This resulted in a net loss per share from continuing operations, basic and diluted, of \$0.10 for the quarter ended December 31, 2001 as compared with \$0.11 (restated) for continuing operations and \$0.01 for discontinued operations for the quarter ended December 31, 2000.

The Company's cash position was \$953,387 at December 31, 2001. This is presented on the financial statements as \$239,053 as cash and cash equivalents, and a total \$714,334 as certificates of deposit, which is included in other assets. This represents an decrease of approximately \$67,000 from June 30, 2001.

Six Months Ended December 31, 2001 as compared to the Six Months Ended December 31, 2000 (restated for discontinued operation).

Net sales were \$1,986,770 for the six months ended December 31, 2001. This is a decrease from the sales of the same period for the previous year of \$3,910,985 (restated for discontinued operation), which is as a result of negative events surrounding the invalid takeover attempts, the closing down of the UK operations and an overall slowing of sales as a result of the economic downturn. The Company anticipates 10%-15% growth occurring in the second half of fiscal 2002.

The gross profit was \$259,024 for the six months ending December 31, 2001. This is in comparison with \$2,094,373 (restated) for the same period of the previous year. The gross profit percentage has decreased from approximately 38% for fiscal 2001 to approximately 13% for the current year to date of fiscal 2002 as

a result of the Company maintaining staffing levels to appropriately position itself for anticipated new agreements heading into the remainder of the current fiscal year. While management is striving to negotiate better pricing on new agreements, the Company has been required to react to overall general economic factors in determining its present pricing structure. The Company anticipates its gross profit margin to increase towards the end of the third quarter with anticipation for a 20%-25% range in the second half of fiscal 2002.

Operating expenses were \$3,359,076 for the six months ending December 31, 2001. This compares with \$3,829,514 (restated) for the same period of the previous year. The decrease in the current fiscal year is largely attributable decreases in salaries and wages and general and administrative costs, partially offset by higher professional services expense and depreciation charges. Depreciation and amortization expense increased to \$817,663 for the six months ended December 31, 2001 as compared to \$638,364 for the six months ended December 31, 2000. The increase in professional services is attributable to additional operational expenses as the company was in the process of working through the aftermath of the invalid takeover attempt well into fiscal 2002.

Net loss was \$3,232,874 for the six months ended December 31, 2001 as compared to \$2,002,394 for the six months ended December 31, 2000. The prior year comparable quarter net loss figure is comprised of a net loss of \$1,610,908 from continuing operations and a net loss of \$391,486 from discontinued operations. The increased loss is a direct result of reduced sales while also not reducing sufficient developer staffing levels for anticipated new contracts. This resulted in a net loss per share from continuing operations, basic and diluted, of \$0.24 for the six months ended December 31, 2001 as compared with \$0.14 (restated) for continuing operations and \$0.04 for discontinued operations for the six months ended December 31, 2000.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company has experienced a reduction in its cash balances, however the Company is continuing to take action to re-focus on its self-sustaining operating subsidiaries, while scaling back significantly on loss making operations and anticipated capital expenditures. The majority of the contracts for NetSol eR and NetSol USA (North American operations) are time and materials contracts which provides good liquidity to fund specific working capital requirements for those entities. In generating this revenue growth, the Company continues to anticipate that capital expenditures requirements will be kept at very low levels throughout fiscal 2002 and into first half of fiscal 2003. The Company presently estimates that it will be able to reduce its current monthly rate of using working capital beginning in the near term. The Company

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anticipates it will continue to receive cooperation from its creditors it working out payment plans that will enable the Company to have sufficient cash flows to put towards business development activities. In the opinion of management, the Company believes that the impact from certain software sales contracts within its Pakistan subsidiary operations will have an impact upon its liquidity in the short term; however, management does believe that its anticipated positive cash flows from re-focusing on its profitable operations, a reduction in the Company's projected capital expenditure requirements for the next twelve months, along with the financing options being pursued, cash flows will be sufficient for the foreseeable future to manage the short term liquidity impact from these specific software contracts and finance anticipated working capital requirements. The Company believes that certain of its needed capital will result from the continuing successful collection of its accounts receivable balances as projects are completed throughout the remainder of fiscal 2002, particularly in its Pakistan operations. The Company also remains confident it can continue to raise sufficient additional funds though private placements of its common stock as was pursued and achieved in the second quarter in the financing deal entered into with Red Sea, Ltd.

ADDITIONAL RAISE OF CAPITAL

The Company sold 550,000 shares of its restricted Rule 144 common stock in the amount of \$82,500 through a private placement offering during the quarter ended December 31, 2001 pursuant to Rule 506 of Regulation D of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1933.

Certain employees exercised 140,000 \$0.25 stock options during the second quarter, resulting in an additional \$35,000 of cash flows from financing activities.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company was involved in proceedings with Adrian Cowler and The Surrey Design Partnership Limited, the former owners of Network Solutions Group Limited ("NSGL"). The Company and the above named parties have reached a settlement agreement. Terms of the settlement agreement call for issuance of 650,000 restricted shares of the Company's common stock and cash payments in aggregate approximating \$286,000 over the next four years and three months (through March 31, 2006), of which \$171,860 is classified as long term on the balance sheet at December 31, 2001.

A Nevada state court placed the Company into a Receivership on June 19, 2001 as a result of a proxy contest by a group of shareholders. Ultimately, the Court invalidated their actions and the shareholders group disbanded their actions and dissolved their group; whereupon, the court removed the Receiver from the Company on August 3, 2001 and returned full control of NetSol to the incumbent Board of Directors and management.

ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

During August to December 1999, the Company issued and sold 633,366 shares of common stock for aggregate gross proceeds of \$1,553,661 in a private placement under Rule 506, Regulation D. The class of investors to which the Company sold shares to was "accredited investors".

During November 1999, the Company issued 8% notes payable, which were convertible to common shares at \$6.50 per share. The Company raised a total of \$350,000 of which \$250,000 was converted into 38,462 shares. In connection with this note offering, the Company issued non-detachable warrants to purchase 57,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$6.50 per share to its broker JS Capital, as commission.

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In July 2000, the Company sold 63,666 shares of its common stock for gross proceeds in the amount of \$955,000. The shares of common stock were issued in a private placement in reliance on the exemption from registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act"). The class of persons to whom such securities were sold was all individual "accredited investors".

On January 8, 2001, the Company entered into an agreement for equity financing with Deephaven Capital Management, an investment fund ("Deephaven") pursuant to which the Company sold shares of common stock in a private placement transaction, which closed in two traunches. Under the terms of our securities purchase agreement with Deephaven, we issued 183,150 shares of common stock to Deephaven in connection with a first closing, which occurred on January 8, 2001 for gross proceeds of \$1 million. We also issued warrants to purchase an aggregate of up to 54,945 shares of common stock to Deephaven in the first closing at an exercise price of \$6.83 per share. We issued 279,720 shares of common stock to Deephaven in connection with a second closing, which occurred on February 20, 2001 for gross proceeds of \$1 million. We also issued warrants to purchase an aggregate of up to 83,916 shares of common stock to Deephaven in the second closing at an exercise price of \$4.47 per share. All warrants are exercisable for a period of five years from the date of issuance and have adjustment provisions for dilution events in connection with issuances of our common stock and other equivalents below the applicable warrant exercise price and for stock splits, stock dividends and similar transactions. In connection with our sale of common stock pursuant to the Deephaven securities purchase agreement, we paid an aggregate of \$100,000 to Jessup & Lamont, the placement agent in the transaction, and issued warrants to purchase up to 9,158 shares of common stock at an exercise price of 6.83 per share in the first closing and warrants to purchase up to 13,986 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$4.47 per share in the second closing. These warrants have the same terms as the warrants issued to Deephaven pursuant to the Deephaven securities purchase agreement. The shares of common stock and warrants issued to Deephaven and Jessup & Lamont were issued in reliance on the exemption from registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act. The Company agreed to file and have declared effective a registration statement pursuant to the terms of a registration rights agreement with Deephaven with respect to such securities. The Company has filed a registration statement with respect to the shares of common stock and warrants held by Deephaven and Jessup & Lamont, which has not been declared effective as of the date of this report. The Company is in default with respect to some of its obligations under the registration rights agreement.

On December 7, 2001, the Company entered into a new funding and business development alliance with Red Sea, Ltd., a private investment company investing in small cap technology businesses. The agreement is for the purchase of 2,000,000 restricted Rule 144 shares at \$0.22 per share and 1,000,000 warrants at \$0.70 per warrant, or an average price of \$0.38. The shares and the underlying shares of the warrants shall be restricted for a period of one year. The remaining funds in the amount of \$700,000 would be paid upon the exercise of the warrants, which is at the sole discretion of Red Sea. At the direction of Red Sea, the funding is designated almost exclusively for the purpose of business development and related activities. The agreement also includes certain defined business development targets and provides the opportunity for the development of significant business activities for the Company by means of the extensive business relationships and alliances that Red Sea has access to.

None.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

Incorporated by reference to the Company's Definitive Proxy Statement on Form 14(a) filed on December 14, 2001. The Annual Meeting of Shareholders was held on January 25, 2002 and the final tally of votes on February 8, 2002 produced the following proposals adopted by the margins indicated:

Election of Board of Directors: 9,363,777 shares have been voted in favor of the proposal; and 20,549 shares against and zero shares abstain.

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Election of Auditors: 9,370,740 shares have been voted in favor of the Election of Auditors; 13,412 shares against and 174 shares abstain.

Ratification of the 2001 Employee Stock Option Plan of the Company and 9,316,420 shares have been voted in favor of the proposal; 64,405 shares against and 3,501 shares abstain.

Amendment of bylaws and articles of incorporation of the Company to eliminate cumulative voting, and 9,306,885 shares have been voted in favor of the proposal; 76,829 shares against and 612 shares abstain.

Amendment of bylaws to eliminate actions by written consent, and 9,285,157 shares have been voted in favor of the proposal; 95,459 shares against and 3,710 shares abstain.

Amendment of bylaws to eliminate any stockholder to call special meeting of stockholders, and 9,323,699 shares have been voted in favor of the proposal; 60,418 shares against and 209 shares abstain.

Amendment of bylaws to require stockholders to provide the board of directors with notice in the event of nomination to the board of directors and other proposals that they may have, and 9,332,908 shares have been voted in favor of the proposal; 44,498 shares against and 6,920 shares abstain.

Amendment of articles of incorporation to allow for undesignated preferred stock in the amount of 5,000,000 shares, and 9,251,233 shares have been voted in favor of the proposal; 127,267 shares against and 5,826 shares abstain.

Amendment of articles of incorporation to increase the number of authorized shares from 25,000,000 to 50,000,000, and 9,291,395 shares have been voted in favor of the proposal; 87,082 shares against and 5,849 shares abstain.

Amendment of the articles of incorporation and the bylaws to limit the liability of the officers and board of directors to amounts acceptable by law, and 9,260,658 shares have been voted in favor of the proposal; 123,094 shares against and 574 shares abstain.

Amendment of the articles of incorporation to change the name of the Company from NetSol International, Inc. to NetSol Technologies, Inc., and 9,371,354 shares have been voted in favor of the proposal; 12,598 shares against and 374 shares abstain.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

WINDING-UP ORDER: Effective November 26, 2001, Network Solutions Ltd., the operating subsidiary of Network Solutions Group Ltd., entered into a Winding-up Order (liquidation) with The Insolvency Service in the United Kingdom ("UK"). The Insolvency Service is an executive agency within the Department of Trade and Industry in the UK. The Company anticipates a final dissolution order from The Insolvency Service for this entity to be received within 90-120 days from placement date. This entity has had no operations in the current fiscal year.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) Exhibits

Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K.

None.

The Company filed no reports on Form 8-K during the quarter ended December 31, 2001.

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

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NETS	OL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. (Registrant)
Date: February 19, 2002	/s/ Naeem Ghauri
	NAEEM GHAURI
	Chief Executive Officer
	/s/ Syed Husain
	SYED HUSAIN
	Chief Accounting and Operating Officer

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