
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549**

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2018

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: 0-22773

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

NEVADA
(State or other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

95-4627685
(I.R.S. Employer NO.)

23975 Park Sorrento, Suite 250, Calabasas, CA 91302

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(818) 222-9195 / (818) 222-9197

(Issuer's telephone/facsimile numbers, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the issuer: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the issuer was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by a check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check One):

Large Accelerated Filer

Accelerated Filer

Non-Accelerated Filer

Small Reporting Company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act)

Yes No

The issuer had 11,457,673 shares of its \$.01 par value Common Stock and no Preferred Stock issued and outstanding as of May 10, 2018.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION
Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(UNAUDITED)

	As of March 31, 2018	As of June 30, 2017
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,711,983	\$ 14,172,954
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$333,301 and \$571,511	22,874,866	6,583,199
Accounts receivable, net - related party	3,412,346	1,644,942
Revenues in excess of billings	15,286,835	19,126,389
Revenues in excess of billings - related party	153,135	80,705
Convertible note receivable - related party	750,000	200,000
Other current assets	3,104,916	2,463,886
Total current assets	<u>58,294,081</u>	<u>44,272,075</u>
Restricted cash	-	90,000
Revenues in excess of billings, net - long term	1,752,554	5,173,538
Property and equipment, net	17,526,227	20,370,703
Other assets	3,279,468	3,211,295
Intangible assets, net	13,533,620	17,043,151
Goodwill	9,516,568	9,516,568
Total assets	<u>\$ 103,902,518</u>	<u>\$ 99,677,330</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 7,765,645	\$ 6,880,194
Current portion of loans and obligations under capitalized leases	9,099,822	10,222,795
Unearned revenues	7,841,096	3,925,702
Common stock to be issued	88,324	88,324
Total current liabilities	<u>24,794,887</u>	<u>21,117,015</u>
Loans and obligations under capitalized leases; less current maturities	<u>296,211</u>	<u>366,762</u>
Total liabilities	<u>25,091,098</u>	<u>21,483,777</u>
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value; 500,000 shares authorized;	-	-
Common stock, \$.01 par value; 14,500,000 shares authorized; 11,457,673 shares issued and 11,251,820 outstanding as of March 31, 2018 and 11,225,385 shares issued and 11,190,606 outstanding as of June 30, 2017	114,577	112,254
Additional paid-in-capital	125,733,973	124,409,998
Treasury stock (At cost, 205,853 shares and 34,779 shares as of March 31, 2018 and June 30, 2017, respectively)	(1,205,024)	(454,310)
Accumulated deficit	(39,172,022)	(42,301,390)
Stock subscription receivable	(221,000)	(297,511)
Other comprehensive loss	(22,005,245)	(18,074,570)
Total NetSol stockholders' equity	<u>63,245,259</u>	<u>63,394,471</u>
Non-controlling interest	15,566,161	14,799,082
Total stockholders' equity	<u>78,811,420</u>	<u>78,193,553</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 103,902,518</u>	<u>\$ 99,677,330</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(UNAUDITED)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,		For the Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Net Revenues:				
License fees	\$ 2,648,870	\$ 5,730,222	\$ 3,210,868	\$ 14,953,574
Maintenance fees	3,659,998	3,538,996	10,702,171	10,651,692
Services	9,345,210	6,669,309	25,450,138	18,844,602
License fees - related party	-	-	261,513	246,957
Maintenance fees - related party	105,325	51,698	309,539	233,674
Services - related party	1,284,417	1,959,095	4,374,802	5,954,076
Total net revenues	<u>17,043,820</u>	<u>17,949,320</u>	<u>44,309,031</u>	<u>50,884,575</u>
Cost of revenues:				
Salaries and consultants	5,418,067	6,161,110	16,244,319	18,034,263
Travel	425,060	764,867	1,226,073	2,313,002
Depreciation and amortization	1,127,077	1,340,188	3,468,293	3,989,824
Other	880,897	686,950	2,677,465	2,725,015
Total cost of revenues	<u>7,851,101</u>	<u>8,953,115</u>	<u>23,616,150</u>	<u>27,062,104</u>
Gross profit	9,192,719	8,996,205	20,692,881	23,822,471
Operating expenses:				
Selling and marketing	1,962,402	2,439,948	5,605,838	7,497,464
Depreciation and amortization	231,308	284,642	699,966	825,224
General and administrative	4,048,271	4,329,798	11,862,535	12,882,407
Research and development cost	197,643	101,193	572,619	285,732
Total operating expenses	<u>6,439,624</u>	<u>7,155,581</u>	<u>18,740,958</u>	<u>21,490,827</u>
Income from operations	2,753,095	1,840,624	1,951,923	2,331,644
Other income and (expenses)				
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	40,537	1,647	24,468	(33,095)
Interest expense	(102,522)	(60,357)	(330,268)	(176,959)
Interest income	142,356	27,229	394,837	81,085
Gain (loss) on foreign currency exchange transactions	2,550,394	390,897	5,304,723	(645,886)
Share of net loss from equity investment	(263,678)	-	(534,576)	-
Other income (expense)	314	(219)	15,924	28,164
Total other income (expenses)	<u>2,367,401</u>	<u>359,197</u>	<u>4,875,108</u>	<u>(746,691)</u>
Net income before income taxes	5,120,496	2,199,821	6,827,031	1,584,953
Income tax provision	(261,182)	(61,604)	(486,980)	(440,363)
Net income	4,859,314	2,138,217	6,340,051	1,144,590
Non-controlling interest	(1,994,869)	(1,438,249)	(3,210,683)	(2,999,127)
Net income (loss) attributable to NetSol	<u>\$ 2,864,445</u>	<u>\$ 699,968</u>	<u>\$ 3,129,368</u>	<u>\$ (1,854,537)</u>
Net income (loss) per share:				
Net income (loss) per common share				
Basic	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.28	\$ (0.17)
Diluted	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.28	\$ (0.17)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding				
Basic	<u>11,190,048</u>	<u>10,987,214</u>	<u>11,118,529</u>	<u>10,850,538</u>
Diluted	<u>11,268,842</u>	<u>11,121,620</u>	<u>11,152,365</u>	<u>10,850,538</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)
(UNAUDITED)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,		For the Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Net income (loss)	\$ 2,864,445	\$ 699,968	\$ 3,129,368	\$ (1,854,537)
Other comprehensive income (loss):				
Translation adjustment	(2,673,422)	(240,245)	(5,953,056)	(91,008)
Translation adjustment attributable to non-controlling interest	944,207	71,144	2,022,381	24,006
Net translation adjustment	(1,729,215)	(169,101)	(3,930,675)	(67,002)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to NetSol	<u>\$ 1,135,230</u>	<u>\$ 530,867</u>	<u>\$ (801,307)</u>	<u>\$ (1,921,539)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED)

	For the Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 6,340,051	\$ 1,144,590
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	4,168,259	4,815,048
Provision for bad debts	-	732
Share of net loss from investment under equity method	534,576	-
(Gain) loss on sale of assets	(24,468)	33,095
Stock based compensation	1,281,763	1,998,968
Fair market value of warrants and stock options granted	-	26,956
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(17,848,921)	(649,776)
Accounts receivable - related party	(2,634,063)	405,009
Revenues in excess of billing	5,904,161	(10,388,695)
Revenues in excess of billing - related party	(85,743)	553,767
Other current assets	(796,126)	419,704
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,139,509	337,890
Unearned revenue	4,273,007	(715,880)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	2,252,005	(2,018,592)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(1,107,732)	(1,315,922)
Sales of property and equipment	348,762	149,430
Convertible note receivable - related party	(550,000)	-
Investment in WRLD3D	(50,000)	(905,555)
Purchase of subsidiary shares from open market	(33,987)	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,392,957)	(2,072,047)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options and warrants	215,311	785,479
Proceeds from exercise of subsidiary options	10,349	54,377
Restricted cash	90,000	-
Purchase of treasury stock	(750,714)	(38,885)
Dividend paid by subsidiary to non-controlling interest	(417,853)	(968,657)
Proceeds from bank loans	696,936	1,484,162
Payments on capital lease obligations and loans - net	(961,901)	(251,040)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(1,117,872)	1,065,436
Effect of exchange rate changes	(1,202,147)	(82,209)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(1,460,971)	(3,107,412)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	14,172,954	11,557,527
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 12,711,983	\$ 8,450,115

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)
(UNAUDITED)

	For the Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES:		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$ 300,688	\$ 201,670
Taxes	\$ 388,549	\$ 215,424
NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Provided services for investment in WRLD3D	\$ 601,869	\$ 836,070
Assets acquired under capital lease	\$ 304,533	\$ 466,528

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2018
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The Company designs, develops, markets, and exports proprietary software products to customers in the automobile financing and leasing, banking, and financial services industries worldwide. The Company also provides system integration, consulting, and IT products and services in exchange for fees from customers.

The consolidated condensed interim financial statements included herein have been prepared by the Company, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although the Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. The year-end condensed consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

These statements reflect all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for fair presentation of the information contained therein. It is suggested that these condensed consolidated financial statements be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2017. The Company follows the same accounting policies in preparation of interim reports. Results of operations for the interim periods are not indicative of annual results.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of NetSol Technologies, Inc. and subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company") as follows:

Wholly owned Subsidiaries

NetSol Technologies Americas, Inc. ("NTA")
NetSol Connect (Private), Ltd. ("Connect")
NetSol Technologies Australia Pty Ltd. ("Australia")
NetSol Technologies Europe Limited ("NTE")
NTPK (Thailand) Co. Limited ("NTPK Thailand")
NetSol Technologies (Beijing) Co. Ltd. ("NetSol Beijing")
NetSol Technologies (GmbH) ("NTG")

Majority-owned Subsidiaries

NetSol Technologies, Ltd. ("NetSol PK")
NetSol Innovation (Private) Limited ("NetSol Innovation")
NetSol Technologies Thailand Limited ("NetSol Thai")
Virtual Lease Services Holdings Limited ("VLSH")
Virtual Lease Services Limited ("VLS")
Virtual Lease Services (Ireland) Limited ("VLSIL")

For comparative purposes, prior year's condensed consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to report classifications of the current period. Below is the table of reclassified amounts:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2017		For the Nine Months Ended March 31, 2017	
	Originally reported	Reclassified	Originally reported	Reclassified
Net Revenues:				
Services	\$ 7,004,272	\$ 6,669,309	\$ 19,795,073	\$ 18,844,602
Services - related party	1,624,132	1,959,095	5,003,605	5,954,076
	<u>\$ 8,628,404</u>	<u>\$ 8,628,404</u>	<u>\$ 24,798,678</u>	<u>\$ 24,798,678</u>

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2018
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 2 – ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The areas requiring significant estimates are provision for doubtful accounts, provision for taxation, useful life of depreciable assets, useful life of intangible assets, contingencies, and estimated contract costs. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Cash includes cash on hand and demand deposits in accounts maintained within the United States as well as in foreign countries. Certain financial instruments, which subject the Company to concentration of credit risk, consist of cash and restricted cash. The Company maintains balances at financial institutions which, from time to time, may exceed Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insured limits for the banks located in the United States. Balances at financial institutions within certain foreign countries are not covered by insurance. As of March 31, 2018, and June 30, 2017, the Company had uninsured deposits related to cash deposits in accounts maintained within foreign entities of approximately \$11,569,182 and \$11,564,343, respectively. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts.

The Company's operations are carried out globally. Accordingly, the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations may be influenced by the political, economic and legal environments of each country and by the general state of the country's economy. The Company's operations in each foreign country are subject to specific considerations and significant risks not typically associated with companies in economically developed nations. These include risks associated with, among others, the political, economic and legal environments and foreign currency exchange. The Company's results may be adversely affected by changes in governmental policies with respect to laws and regulations, anti-inflationary measures, currency conversion and remittance abroad, and rates and methods of taxation, among other things.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company applies the provisions of ASC 820-10, "*Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*." ASC 820-10 defines fair value, and establishes a three-level valuation hierarchy for disclosures of fair value measurement that enhances disclosure requirements for fair value measures. For certain financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and short-term debt, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to their relatively short maturities. The carrying amounts of the long-term debt approximate their fair values based on current interest rates for instruments with similar characteristics.

The three levels of valuation hierarchy are defined as follows:

- Level 1: Valuations consist of unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities and has the highest priority.
- Level 2: Valuations rely on quoted prices in markets that are not active or observable inputs over the full term of the asset or liability.
- Level 3: Valuations are based on prices or third party or internal valuation models that require inputs that are significant to the fair value measurement and are less observable and thus have the lowest priority.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2018
(UNAUDITED)

The Company's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2018, are as follows:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Assets
Revenues in excess of billing - long term	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,752,554	\$ 1,752,554
Total	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,752,554	\$ 1,752,554

The Company's financial assets that were measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2017, were as follows:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Assets
Revenues in excess of billing - long term	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,173,538	\$ 5,173,538
Total	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,173,538	\$ 5,173,538

The reconciliation from June 30, 2017 to March 31, 2018 is as follows:

	Revenues in excess of billing - long term	Fair value discount	Total
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$ 5,483,869	\$ (310,331)	\$ 5,173,538
Additions	2,432,244	\$ (180,526)	2,251,718
Transfers to short term	(5,850,000)	\$ -	(5,850,000)
Amortization during the period	-	177,298	177,298
Balance at March 31, 2018	\$ 2,066,113	\$ (313,559)	\$ 1,752,554

The Company applied the discounted cash flow method to calculate the fair value and used NetSol PK's weighted average borrowing rate, ranging from 3.87% to 4.43%.

Management analyzes all financial instruments with features of both liabilities and equity under ASC 480, "Distinguishing Liabilities From Equity" and ASC 815, "Derivatives and Hedging." Derivative liabilities are adjusted to reflect fair value at each period end, with any increase or decrease in the fair value being recorded in results of operations as adjustments to fair value of derivatives. The effects of interactions between embedded derivatives are calculated and accounted for in arriving at the overall fair value of the financial instruments. In addition, the fair values of freestanding derivative instruments such as warrant and option derivatives are valued using the Black-Scholes model.

New Accounting Pronouncements

Recent Accounting Standards Adopted by the Company:

In November 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2015-17, *Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes* (ASU 2015-17), which changes how deferred taxes are classified on the balance sheet and is effective for financial statements issued for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, with early adoption permitted. ASU 2015-17 requires all deferred tax assets and liabilities to be classified as non-current. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's results of operations, financial position or disclosures.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, *Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting*. The guidance simplifies accounting for share-based payments, most notably by requiring all excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies to be recorded as income tax benefits or expense in the income statement and by allowing entities to recognize forfeitures of awards when they occur. This new guidance is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016 and may be adopted prospectively or retroactively. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's results of operations, financial position or disclosures.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2018
(UNAUDITED)

Accounting Standards Recently Issued but Not Yet Adopted by the Company:

In May 2014, the (“FASB”) issued ASU 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, which provides a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and will supersede most current revenue recognition guidance. The standard’s core principle is that a company will recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In August 2015, the FASB deferred the effective date of the new revenue standard by one year, which will make it effective for the Company in the first quarter of its fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. The Company is currently in the process of evaluating the impact of adoption of this ASU on its consolidated financial statements.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, *Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities* (ASU 2016-01), which requires equity investments that are not accounted for under the equity method of accounting to be measured at fair value with changes recognized in net income and updates certain presentation and disclosure requirements. ASU 2016-01 is effective beginning after December 15, 2017. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Company’s results of operations, financial position or disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases*, which requires lessees to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, for all leases, with the exception of short-term leases, at the commencement date of each lease. This ASU requires lessees to apply a dual approach, classifying leases as either finance or operating leases based on the principle of whether or not the lease is effectively a financed purchase by the lessee. This classification will determine whether lease expense is recognized based on an effective interest method or on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. This ASU is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018 and interim periods within those annual periods. Early adoption is permitted. The amendments of this update should be applied using a modified retrospective approach, which requires lessees and lessors to recognize and measure leases at the beginning of the earliest period presented. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, *Clarification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments*, which eliminates the diversity in practice related to the classification of certain cash receipts and payments in the statement of cash flows, by adding or clarifying guidance on eight specific cash flow issues. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption permitted. The amendments in this update should be applied retrospectively to all periods presented, unless deemed impracticable, in which case, prospective application is permitted. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Company’s results of operations, financial position or disclosures.

On November 17, 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-18, *Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Restricted Cash*. It is intended to reduce diversity in the presentation of restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows. The new standard requires that restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents be included as components of total cash and cash equivalents as presented on the statement of cash flows. As a result, entities will no longer present transfers between cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows. ASU 2016-18 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Earlier adoption is permitted. The Company maintains restricted cash balances and will show restricted cash as part of cash and restricted cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-01, *Clarifying the Definition of a Business*, which clarifies and provides a more robust framework to use in determining when a set of assets and activities is a business. The amendments in this update should be applied prospectively on or after the effective date. This update is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those periods. Early adoption is permitted for acquisition or deconsolidation transactions occurring before the issuance date or effective date and only when the transactions have not been reported in issued or made available for issuance financial statements. The Company does not expect the adoption to have any significant impact on its results of operations, financial position or disclosures.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2018
(UNAUDITED)

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04, *Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment*. Under the new standard, goodwill impairment would be measured as the amount by which a reporting unit's carrying value exceeds its fair value, not to exceed the carrying value of goodwill. This ASU eliminates existing guidance that requires an entity to determine goodwill impairment by calculating the implied fair value of goodwill by hypothetically assigning the fair value of a reporting unit to all of its assets and liabilities as if that reporting unit had been acquired in a business combination. This update is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within those periods. Early adoption is permitted for interim or annual goodwill impairment test performed on testing dates after January 1, 2017. The Company will apply this guidance to applicable impairment tests after the adoption date.

In May 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-09, *Compensation-Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Scope of Modification Accounting*, which clarifies when changes to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award must be accounted for as modifications. The new guidance will reduce diversity in practice and result in fewer changes to the terms of an award being accounted for as a modification. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The new standard will be effective prospectively for the Company for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2018. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of the new standard on its results of operations, financial position or disclosures.

In July 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-11, *Earnings Per Share (Topic 260); Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity (Topic 480); Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): (Part I) Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Down Round Features, (Part II) Replacement of the Indefinite Deferral for Mandatorily Redeemable Financial Instruments of Certain Nonpublic Entities and Certain Mandatorily Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests with a Scope Exception*. The ASU was issued to address the complexity associated with applying generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for certain financial instruments with characteristics of liabilities and equity. The ASU, among other things, eliminates the need to consider the effects of down round features when analyzing convertible debt, warrants and other financing instruments. As a result, a freestanding equity-linked financial instrument (or embedded conversion option) no longer would be accounted for as a derivative liability at fair value as a result of the existence of a down round feature. The amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and should be applied retrospectively. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. The Company is currently in the process of evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

All other newly issued accounting pronouncements not yet effective have been deemed either immaterial or not applicable.

NOTE 3 – EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share are computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock plus the effect of dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method. Dilutive potential common shares include outstanding stock options and stock awards.

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The components of basic and diluted earnings per share were as follows:

	For the three months ended			For the nine months ended		
	March 31, 2018			March 31, 2018		
	<u>Net Income</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Per Share</u>	<u>Net Income</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Per Share</u>
Basic income per share:						
Net income available to common shareholders	\$ 2,864,445	11,190,048	\$ 0.26	\$ 3,129,368	11,118,529	\$ 0.28
Effect of dilutive securities						
Stock options	-	78,794	-	-	33,836	-
Diluted income per share	<u>\$ 2,864,445</u>	<u>11,268,842</u>	<u>\$ 0.25</u>	<u>\$ 3,129,368</u>	<u>11,152,365</u>	<u>\$ 0.28</u>

	For the three months ended			For the nine months ended		
	March 31, 2017			March 31, 2017		
	<u>Net Income</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Per Share</u>	<u>Net Loss</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Per Share</u>
Basic income (loss) per share:						
Net income (loss) available to common shareholders	\$ 699,968	10,987,214	\$ 0.06	\$ (1,854,537)	10,850,538	\$ (0.17)
Effect of dilutive securities						
Stock options	-	134,406	-	-	-	-
Diluted income (loss) per share	<u>\$ 699,968</u>	<u>11,121,620</u>	<u>\$ 0.06</u>	<u>\$ (1,854,537)</u>	<u>10,850,538</u>	<u>\$ (0.17)</u>

The following potential dilutive shares were excluded from the shares used to calculate diluted earnings per share as their inclusion would be anti-dilutive.

	For the Three Months		For the Nine Months	
	Ended March 31,		Ended March 31,	
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Stock Options	-	-	-	480,133
Share Grants	243,684	542,361	243,684	542,361
	<u>243,684</u>	<u>542,361</u>	<u>243,684</u>	<u>1,022,494</u>

NOTE 4 – OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AND FOREIGN CURRENCY:

The accounts of NTE, VLSH and VLS use the British Pound; VLSIL and NTG use the Euro; NetSol PK, Connect, and NetSol Innovation use the Pakistan Rupee; NTPK Thailand and NetSol Thai use the Thai Baht; Australia uses the Australian dollar; and NetSol Beijing uses the Chinese Yuan as the functional currencies. NetSol Technologies, Inc., and its subsidiary, NTA, use the U.S. dollar as the functional currency. Assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate on the balance sheet date, and operating results are translated at the average exchange rate throughout the period. Accumulated translation losses classified as an item of accumulated other comprehensive loss in the stockholders' equity section of the consolidated balance sheet were \$22,005,245 and \$18,074,570 as of March 31, 2018 and June 30, 2017, respectively. During the three and nine months ended March 31, 2018, comprehensive income (loss) in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss) included a translation loss attributable to NetSol of \$1,729,215 and \$3,930,675, respectively. During the three and nine months ended March 31, 2017, comprehensive income (loss) in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss) included a translation loss attributable to NetSol of \$169,101 and \$67,002, respectively.

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NOTE 5 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

NetSol-Innovation

In November 2004, the Company entered into a joint venture with Iinsurer, formerly *Innovation Group*, called NetSol-Innovation. NetSol-Innovation provides support services to Iinsurer. During the three and nine months ended March 31, 2018, NetSol Innovation provided services of \$774,393 and \$2,702,906, respectively. During the three and nine months ended March 31, 2017, NetSol Innovation provided services of \$1,446,749 and \$4,403,368, respectively. Accounts receivable at March 31, 2018 and June 30, 2017 were \$2,919,233 and \$1,462,078, respectively.

Investec Asset Finance

In October 2011, NTE entered into an agreement with Investec Asset Finance to acquire VLS. NTE and VLS provide support services to Investec. During the three and nine months ended March 31, 2018, NTE and VLS provided license, maintenance and services of \$464,976 and \$1,508,867, respectively. During the three and nine months ended March 31, 2017, NTE and VLS provided license, maintenance and services of \$229,081 and \$1,080,868, respectively. Accounts receivable at March 31, 2018 and June 30, 2017 were \$229,061 and \$133,218, respectively.

NOTE 6 – MAJOR CUSTOMERS

The Company is a strategic business partner for Daimler Financial Services (which consists of a group of many companies in different countries), which accounts for approximately 36.65% and 44.83% of revenue for the nine months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The revenue from this customer is shown in the Asia – Pacific segment. Accounts receivable at March 31, 2018 and June 30, 2017, were \$17,368,246 and \$1,620,717, respectively. Revenues in excess of billing at March 31, 2018 was \$10,686,363, which included \$1,752,554 shown as long term. Revenues in excess of billing at June 30, 2017 was \$18,579,540, which included \$5,173,538 shown as long term.

On December 21, 2015, the Company entered into a 10-year contract with Daimler Financial Services to provide license, maintenance and services for 12 countries in the Asia Pacific Region. The implementation phase is expected to be over a five-year period with maintenance and support over 10 years. The contract is a fixed fee arrangement with total license and maintenance fees of approximately €71,000,000 (approximately \$87,654,000) with services to be separately agreed upon and billed as they are performed. The customer will make fixed annual payments of €5,850,000 (approximately \$7,222,000) for years 1-5 and €8,350,000 (approximately \$10,309,000) for years 6-10. Under the terms of the contract, the customer has the right to withdraw from certain modules and terminate the agreement as to certain countries based on good cause or business reasons prior to the beginning of implementation.

On September 4, 2017, the Company amended the agreement which provided for an additional €7,700,000 (approximately \$9,506,000) to be earned over the remaining life of the contract. The amended agreement provides for €7,000,000 (approximately \$8,642,000) to be paid in the current fiscal year with €100,000 (approximately \$123,000) to be paid each year over the remaining seven years.

NOTE 7 – CONVERTIBLE NOTE RECEIVABLE – RELATED PARTY

The Company entered into an agreement with WRLD3D, whereby the Company was issued a Convertible Promissory Note (the “Convertible Note”) which was fully executed on May 25, 2017. The maximum principal amount of the Convertible Note is \$750,000, and as of March 31, 2018, the Company had disbursed the full amount. The Convertible Note bears interest at 5% per annum and all unpaid interest and principal is due and payable upon the Company’s request on or after February 1, 2018. The Convertible Note is convertible into Series BB Preferred shares at the lesser of (i) the price paid per share for the equity security by the investors in the qualified financing and (ii) \$0.6788 per share (adjusted for any stock dividends, combinations, splits, recapitalizations or the like with respect to WRLD3D’s Series BB Preferred Stock after the date of the Convertible Note). The Convertible Note is convertible upon the occurrence of the following events:

1. Upon a qualified financing which is an equity financing of at least \$2,000,000.
2. Optionally, upon an equity financing less than \$2,000,000.
3. Optionally after the maturity date.
4. Upon a change of control.

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NOTE 8 - OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Other current assets consisted of the following:

	As of March 31, 2018	As of June 30, 2017
Prepaid Expenses	\$ 721,110	\$ 597,687
Advance Income Tax	986,589	1,052,935
Employee Advances	115,699	128,100
Security Deposits	89,900	103,255
Other Receivables	485,112	252,590
Other Receivables - related party	300,000	-
Other Assets	406,506	329,319
Total	<u>\$ 3,104,916</u>	<u>\$ 2,463,886</u>

During the quarter ended March 31, 2018, NetSol PK advanced \$300,000 to WRLD3D, which is recorded as other receivables – related party in other current assets.

NOTE 9 – REVENUES IN EXCESS OF BILLINGS – LONG TERM

Revenues in excess of billings, net consisted of the following:

	As of March 31, 2018	As of June 30, 2017
Revenues in excess of billing - long term	\$ 2,066,113	\$ 5,483,869
Present value discount	(313,559)	(310,331)
Net Balance	<u>\$ 1,752,554</u>	<u>\$ 5,173,538</u>

Pursuant to revenue recognition for contract accounting, the Company has recorded revenues in excess of billings long-term for amounts billable after one year. During the three and nine months ended March 31, 2018, the Company accreted \$66,304 and \$177,298, respectively, which is recorded in interest income for the period. The Company used the discounted cash flow method with interest rates ranging from 3.87% to 4.43%.

NOTE 10 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following:

	As of March 31, 2018	As of June 30, 2017
Office Furniture and Equipment	\$ 3,844,617	\$ 3,755,710
Computer Equipment	25,142,979	26,693,730
Assets Under Capital Leases	1,571,110	1,965,650
Building	8,421,016	9,243,866
Land	2,199,399	2,428,626
Autos	1,312,148	1,270,339
Improvements	525,118	592,652
Subtotal	43,016,387	45,950,573
Accumulated Depreciation	(25,490,160)	(25,579,870)
Property and Equipment, Net	<u>\$ 17,526,227</u>	<u>\$ 20,370,703</u>

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For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2018, depreciation expense totaled \$705,429 and \$2,141,756, respectively. Of these amounts, \$474,121 and \$1,441,790, respectively, are reflected in cost of revenues. For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2017, depreciation expense totaled \$930,712 and \$2,732,693, respectively. Of these amounts, \$646,070 and \$1,907,469, respectively, are reflected in cost of revenues.

Following is a summary of fixed assets held under capital leases as of March 31, 2018 and June 30, 2017:

	As of March 31, 2018	As of June 30, 2017
Computers and Other Equipment	\$ 249,262	\$ 309,863
Furniture and Fixtures	65,084	227,914
Vehicles	1,256,764	1,427,873
Total	1,571,110	1,965,650
Less: Accumulated Depreciation - Net	(568,816)	(711,622)
	<u>\$ 1,002,294</u>	<u>\$ 1,254,028</u>

NOTE 11 – OTHER LONG-TERM ASSETS

	As of March 31, 2018	As of June 30, 2017
Investment	(1) \$ 3,174,314	\$ 3,057,020
Long Term Security Deposits	105,154	154,275
Total	<u>\$ 3,279,468</u>	<u>\$ 3,211,295</u>

(1) Investment in WRLD3D – Related party

On March 2, 2016, the Company purchased a 4.9% interest in WRLD3D, a non-public company, for \$1,111,111. The Company paid \$555,556 at the initial closing and \$555,555 on September 1, 2016. NetSol PK, a subsidiary of the Company, purchased a 12.2% investment in WRLD3D, for \$2,777,778 which will be earned over future periods by providing IT and enterprise software solutions. Per the agreement, NetSol PK is to provide a minimum of \$200,000 of services in each three-month period and the entire balance is required to be provided within three years of the date of the agreement. If NetSol PK fails to provide the future services, it may be required to forfeit the unearned shares back to WRLD3D. As of March 31, 2018, the investment earned by NetSol PK is \$2,597,778.

In connection with the investment, the Company and NetSol PK received a warrant to purchase preferred stock of WRLD3D which included the following key terms and features:

- The warrants are exercisable into shares of the “Next Round Preferred”, only if and when the Next Round Preferred is issued by WRLD3D in a “Qualified Financing”.
- The warrants expire on March 2, 2020.
- “Next Round Preferred” is defined as occurring if WRLD3D’s preferred stock (or securities convertible into preferred stock) are issued in a Qualified Financing that occurs after March 2, 2016.
- “Qualified Financing” is defined as financing with total proceeds of at least \$2 million.
- The total number of common stock shares to be issued is equal to \$1,250,000 divided by the per share price of the Next Round Preferred.
- The exercise price of the warrants is equal to the greater of
 - a) 70% of the per share price of the Next Round Preferred sold in a Qualified Financing, or
 - b) 25,000,000 divided by the total number of shares of common stock outstanding immediately prior to the Qualified Financing (on a fully-diluted basis, excluding the number of common stock shares issuable upon the exercise of any given warrant).

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During the three and nine months ended March 31, 2018, NetSol PK provided services valued at \$150,373 and \$734,081, respectively. During the three and nine months ended March 31, 2017, NetSol PK provided services valued at \$334,963 and \$950,471, respectively. This revenue is recorded as services-related party. These services are recorded as accounts receivable until approved by WRLD3D after which the shares are released from restriction. Accounts receivable at March 31, 2018 and June 30, 2017 were \$264,052 and \$49,646, respectively. Revenues in excess of billing at March 31, 2018 and June 30, 2017 were \$153,135 and \$80,705, respectively. During the three and nine months ended March 31, 2018, NetSol PK services valued at \$48,191 and \$601,869, respectively, were released from restriction. During the three and nine months ended March 31, 2017, NetSol PK services valued at \$286,449 and \$836,070, respectively, were released from restriction. Under the equity method of accounting, the Company recorded its share of net loss of \$263,678 and \$534,576 for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2018, respectively.

NOTE 12 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets consisted of the following:

	As of March 31, 2018	As of June 30, 2017
Product Licenses - Cost	\$ 47,244,997	\$ 47,244,997
Effect of Translation Adjustment	(6,141,253)	(3,134,488)
Accumulated Amortization	<u>(27,570,124)</u>	<u>(27,067,358)</u>
Net Balance	<u>\$ 13,533,620</u>	<u>\$ 17,043,151</u>

(A) Product Licenses

Product licenses include internally developed original license issues, renewals, enhancements, copyrights, trademarks, and trade names. Product licenses are amortized on a straight-line basis over their respective lives, and the unamortized amount of \$13,533,620 will be amortized over the next 5.25 years. Amortization expense for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2018 was \$652,956 and \$2,026,503, respectively. Amortization expense for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2017 was \$694,118 and \$2,082,355, respectively.

(B) Future Amortization

Estimated amortization expense of intangible assets over the next five years is as follows:

Year ended:	
March 31, 2019	\$ 2,516,328
March 31, 2020	2,516,328
March 31, 2021	2,516,328
March 31, 2022	2,516,328
March 31, 2023	2,516,328
Thereafter	951,980
	<u>\$ 13,533,620</u>

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NOTE 13 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consisted of the following:

	As of March 31, 2018	As of June 30, 2017
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,658,929	\$ 1,466,265
Accrued Liabilities	5,260,927	4,498,958
Accrued Payroll & Taxes	430,135	520,719
Taxes Payable	249,906	174,485
Other Payable	165,748	219,767
Total	<u>\$ 7,765,645</u>	<u>\$ 6,880,194</u>

NOTE 14 – DEBTS

Notes payable and capital leases consisted of the following:

Name	As of March 31, 2018		
	Total	Current Maturities	Long-Term Maturities
D&O Insurance (1)	\$ 128,415	\$ 128,415	\$ -
Bank Overdraft Facility (2)	-	-	-
Loan Payable Bank - Export Refinance (3)	4,325,634	4,325,634	-
Loan Payable Bank - Running Finance (4)	-	-	-
Loan Payable Bank - Export Refinance II (5)	3,027,943	3,027,943	-
Loan Payable Bank - Running Finance II (6)	1,297,690	1,297,690	-
	<u>8,779,682</u>	<u>8,779,682</u>	<u>-</u>
Subsidiary Capital Leases (7)	616,351	320,140	296,211
	<u>\$ 9,396,033</u>	<u>\$ 9,099,822</u>	<u>\$ 296,211</u>

Name	As of June 30, 2017		
	Total	Current Maturities	Long-Term Maturities
D&O Insurance (1)	\$ 87,485	\$ 87,485	\$ -
Bank Overdraft Facility (2)	221,379	221,379	-
Loan Payable Bank - Export Refinance (3)	4,776,461	4,776,461	-
Loan Payable Bank - Export Refinance II (5)	1,910,585	1,910,585	-
Loan Payable Bank - Running Finance II (6)	2,865,877	2,865,877	-
	<u>9,861,787</u>	<u>9,861,787</u>	<u>-</u>
Subsidiary Capital Leases (7)	727,770	361,008	366,762
	<u>\$ 10,589,557</u>	<u>\$ 10,222,795</u>	<u>\$ 366,762</u>

(1) The Company finances Directors' and Officers' ("D&O") liability insurance and Errors and Omissions ("E&O") liability insurance, for which the D&O and E&O balances are renewed on an annual basis and, as such, are recorded in current maturities. The interest rate on these financings were ranging from 4.8% to 7.69% as of March 31, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

(2) The Company's subsidiary, NTE, has an overdraft facility with HSBC Bank plc whereby the bank would cover any overdrafts up to £300,000, or approximately \$422,535. The annual interest rate was 4.75% as of March 31, 2018. Total outstanding balance as of March 31, 2018 was £Nil. Interest expense for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2018, was \$5,122 and \$13,167, respectively. Interest expense for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2017, was \$4,501.

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This overdraft facility requires that the aggregate amount of invoiced trade debtors (net of provisions for bad and doubtful debts and excluding intra-group debtors) of NTE, not exceeding 90 days old, will not be less than an amount equal to 200% of the facility. As of March 31, 2018, NTE was in compliance with this covenant.

(3) The Company's subsidiary, NetSol PK, has an export refinance facility with Askari Bank Limited, secured by NetSol PK's assets. This is a revolving loan that matures every six months. Total facility amount is Rs. 500,000,000 or \$4,325,634 at March 31, 2018 and June 30, 2017. The interest rate for the loan was 3% at March 31, 2018 and June 30, 2017. Interest expense for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2018 was \$24,441 and \$94,710, respectively. Interest expense for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2017 was \$28,012 and \$85,604, respectively.

(4) The Company's subsidiary, NetSol PK, has a running finance facility with Askari Bank Limited, secured by NetSol PK's assets. Total facility amount is Rs. 75,000,000 or \$648,845, at March 31, 2018. NetSol PK used Rs. Nil or \$Nil, at March 31, 2018. The interest rate for the loan was 8.16% at March 31, 2018.

This facility requires NetSol PK to maintain a long-term debt equity ratio of 60:40 and the current ratio of 1:1. As of March 31, 2018, NetSol PK was in compliance with this covenant.

(5) The Company's subsidiary, NetSol PK, has an export refinance facility with Samba Bank Limited, secured by NetSol PK's assets. This is a revolving loan that matures every six months. Total facility amount is Rs. 350,000,000 or \$3,027,643 and Rs. 200,000,000 or \$1,910,585, at March 31, 2018 and June 30, 2017, respectively. The interest rate for the loan was 3% at March 31, 2018 and June 30, 2017. Interest expense for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2018 was \$30,095 and \$69,873, respectively. Interest expense for three and nine months ended March 31, 2017, was \$nil.

(6) The Company's subsidiary, NetSol PK, has a running finance facility with Samba Bank Limited, secured by NetSol PK's assets. Total facility amount is Rs. 150,000,000 or \$1,297,690 and Rs. 300,000,000 or \$2,865,877, at March 31, 2018 and June 30, 2017, respectively. The interest rate for the loan was 8.14% and 8.13% at March 31, 2018 and June 30, 2017, respectively. Interest expense for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2018 was \$19,997 and \$99,718, respectively. Interest expense for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2017, was \$nil.

During the tenure of loan, the facilities from Samba Bank Limited require NetSol PK to maintain at a minimum a current ratio of 1:1, an interest coverage ratio of 4 times, a leverage ratio of 2 times, and a debt service coverage ratio of 4 times. As of March 31, 2018, NetSol PK was in compliance with these covenants.

(6) The Company leases various fixed assets under capital lease arrangements expiring in various years through 2022. The assets and liabilities under capital leases are recorded at the lower of the present value of the minimum lease payments or the fair value of the asset. The assets are secured by the assets themselves. Depreciation of assets under capital leases is included in depreciation expense for the three months and nine months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017.

Following is the aggregate minimum future lease payments under capital leases as of March 31, 2018:

	Amount
Minimum Lease Payments	
Due FYE 3/31/19	\$ 354,639
Due FYE 3/31/20	241,087
Due FYE 3/31/21	66,911
Due FYE 3/31/22	3,474
Total Minimum Lease Payments	666,111
Interest Expense relating to future periods	(49,760)
Present Value of minimum lease payments	616,351
	(320,140)
Less: Current portion	
Non-Current portion	<u>\$ 296,211</u>

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NOTE 15 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

During the nine months ended March 31, 2018, the Company issued 39,204 shares of common stock for services rendered by officers of the Company. These shares were valued at the fair market value of \$245,025.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2018, the Company issued 9,699 shares of common stock for services rendered by the independent members of the Board of Directors as part of their board compensation. These shares were valued at the fair market value of \$55,080.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2018, the Company issued 147,612 shares of its common stock to employees pursuant to the terms of their employment agreements valued at \$907,661.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2018, the Company collected subscription receivable of \$76,511 related to the exercise of stock options in previous years.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2018, the Company received \$138,800 pursuant to a stock option agreement for the exercise of 35,773 shares of common stock at price of \$3.88 per share.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2018, the Company paid \$750,714 to purchase 171,074 of shares of its common stock from the open market at an average price of \$4.39 per share.

NOTE 16 - INCENTIVE AND NON-STATUTORY STOCK OPTION PLAN

Common stock purchase options consisted of the following:

OPTIONS:

	# of shares	Weighted Ave Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (in years)	Aggregated Intrinsic Value
Outstanding and exercisable, June 30, 2016	610,133	\$ 4.90	0.99	\$ 799,030
Granted	79,838	\$ 4.53		
Exercised	(84,838)	\$ 4.49		
Expired / Cancelled	(130,000)	\$ 7.50		
Outstanding and exercisable, June 30, 2017	475,133	\$ 4.20	1.05	\$ 8,413
Granted	-	-		
Exercised	(35,773)	\$ 3.88		
Expired / Cancelled	(1,000)	\$ 16.00		
Outstanding and exercisable, March 31, 2018	<u>438,360</u>	<u>\$ 4.20</u>	<u>0.32</u>	<u>\$ 319,465</u>

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The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding and exercisable at March 31, 2018.

Exercise Price	Number Outstanding and Exercisable	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Weighted Ave Exercise Price
<u>OPTIONS:</u>			
\$ 3.88	384,898	0.25	\$ 3.88
\$ 6.50	53,462	0.85	\$ 6.50
Totals	438,360	0.32	\$ 4.20

The following table summarizes stock grants awarded as compensation:

	# of shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value (\$)
Unvested, June 30, 2016	630,228	\$ 6.07
Granted	222,146	\$ 5.92
Forfeited / Cancelled	(5,000)	\$ 5.55
Vested	(427,175)	\$ 5.90
Unvested, June 30, 2017	420,199	\$ 6.07
Granted	20,000	\$ 4.25
Vested	(196,515)	\$ 6.15
Unvested, March 31, 2018	243,684	\$ 6.02

For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2018, the Company recorded compensation expense of \$448,221 and \$1,281,751, respectively. For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2017, the Company recorded compensation expense of \$449,743 and \$2,047,839, respectively. The compensation expense related to the unvested stock grants as of March 31, 2018 was \$1,368,687 which will be recognized during the fiscal years 2018 through 2022.

NOTE 17 – TAXES

U.S. Tax Reform

On December 22, 2017, the U.S. government enacted comprehensive tax legislation commonly referred to as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the “Tax Act”). The Tax Act significantly revises the future ongoing U.S. corporate income tax by, among other things, lowering U. S. corporate income tax rates and implementing a territorial tax system. As the Company has a June 30 fiscal year-end, the lower corporate income tax rate will be phased in, resulting in a U.S. statutory federal rate of approximately 28% for our fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, and 21% for subsequent fiscal years.

There are also certain transitional impacts of the Tax Act. As part of the transition to the new territorial tax system, the Tax Act imposes a one-time repatriation tax on deemed repatriation of historical earnings of foreign subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2017, the provisional undistributed earnings of foreign subsidiaries were \$22.8 million which the Company anticipates being able to offset fully with net operating loss carry forwards. In addition, the modified territorial tax system includes a new anti-deferral provision, referred to as global intangible low taxed income (“GILTI”), which subjects certain foreign income to current U.S. tax.

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The changes included in the Tax Act are broad and complex. The final transition impacts of the Tax Act may differ from the above estimate, possibly materially, due to, among other things, changes in interpretations of the Tax Act, any legislative action to address questions that arise because of the Tax Act, any changes in accounting standards for income taxes or related interpretations in response to the Tax Act, or any updates or changes to estimates the company has utilized to calculate the transition impacts, including impacts from changes to current year earnings estimates and foreign exchange rates of foreign subsidiaries.

In December 2017, the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118, “Income Tax Accounting Implications of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act” (“SAB 118”), which provides guidance on accounting for the tax effects of the Tax Reform Act. Under SAB 118, companies are able to record a reasonable estimate of the impacts of the Tax Reform Act if one is able to be determined and report it as a provisional amount during the measurement period. The measurement period is not to extend beyond one year from the enactment date. Impacts of the Tax Reform Act that a company is not able to make a reasonable estimate for should not be recorded until a reasonable estimate can be made during the measurement period.

We currently anticipate finalizing and recording any resulting adjustments by the end of our current fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

NOTE 18 – CONTINGENCIES

On April 7, 2017, Conister Bank Limited filed a complaint in the High Court of Justice Chancery Division, as claim no. HC-2017-001045 against our subsidiary, Virtual Lease Services Limited (“VLS”). The complaint alleges that VLS was in willful default of their agreements with Conister Bank Limited by failing to fulfill its obligations under the agreements with Conister. The complaint was settled and dismissed on March 19, 2018, for £300,000 (approximately \$421,000) of which insurance covered £209,000 (approximately \$293,000).

NOTE 19 – OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Company has identified three segments for its products and services; North America, Europe and Asia-Pacific. Our reportable segments are business units located in different global regions. Each business unit provides similar products and services; license fees for leasing and asset-based software, related maintenance fees, and implementation and IT consulting services. Separate management of each segment is required because each business unit is subject to different operational issues and strategies due to their particular regional location. The Company accounts for intra-company sales and expenses as if the sales or expenses were to third parties and eliminates them in the consolidation.

The following table presents a summary of identifiable assets as of March 31, 2018 and June 30, 2017:

	As of March 31, 2018	As of June 30, 2017
Identifiable assets:		
Corporate headquarters	\$ 3,034,938	\$ 2,922,514
North America	5,237,144	6,717,366
Europe	6,860,909	6,056,514
Asia - Pacific	88,769,527	83,980,936
Consolidated	<u>\$ 103,902,518</u>	<u>\$ 99,677,330</u>

The following table presents a summary of investment under equity method as of March 31, 2018 and June 30, 2017:

	As of March 31, 2018	As of June 30, 2017
Investment in WRLD3D:		
Corporate headquarters	\$ 957,929	\$ 1,111,111
Asia - Pacific	2,216,385	1,945,909
Consolidated	<u>\$ 3,174,314</u>	<u>\$ 3,057,020</u>

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The following table presents a summary of operating information for the three and nine months ended March 31:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,		For the Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues from unaffiliated customers:				
North America	\$ 998,403	\$ 1,111,897	\$ 3,134,113	\$ 4,467,325
Europe	1,764,651	1,579,486	4,873,688	3,133,101
Asia - Pacific	12,891,024	13,247,144	31,355,376	35,898,971
	<u>15,654,078</u>	<u>15,938,527</u>	<u>39,363,177</u>	<u>43,499,397</u>
Revenue from affiliated customers				
Europe	464,976	229,081	1,508,867	2,031,339
Asia - Pacific	924,766	1,781,712	3,436,987	5,353,839
	<u>1,389,742</u>	<u>2,010,793</u>	<u>4,945,854</u>	<u>7,385,178</u>
Consolidated	<u>\$ 17,043,820</u>	<u>\$ 17,949,320</u>	<u>\$ 44,309,031</u>	<u>\$ 50,884,575</u>
Intercompany revenue				
Europe	\$ 137,864	\$ 112,419	\$ 379,567	\$ 343,599
Asia - Pacific	338,201	292,839	1,483,569	2,215,393
Eliminated	<u>\$ 476,065</u>	<u>\$ 405,258</u>	<u>\$ 1,863,136</u>	<u>\$ 2,558,992</u>
Net income (loss) after taxes and before non-controlling interest:				
Corporate headquarters	\$ (529,048)	\$ (1,147,068)	\$ (2,825,689)	\$ (3,326,500)
North America	(11,777)	(302,353)	(242,229)	(569,170)
Europe	265,831	(199,215)	545,876	(1,492,986)
Asia - Pacific	5,134,308	3,786,853	8,862,093	6,533,246
Consolidated	<u>\$ 4,859,314</u>	<u>\$ 2,138,217</u>	<u>\$ 6,340,051</u>	<u>\$ 1,144,590</u>

The following table presents a summary of capital expenditures for the nine months ended March 31:

	For the Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
Capital expenditures:		
North America	\$ 3,556	\$ 41,340
Europe	254,548	422,024
Asia - Pacific	849,628	852,558
Consolidated	<u>\$ 1,107,732</u>	<u>\$ 1,315,922</u>

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NOTE 20 – NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARY

The Company had non-controlling interests in several of its subsidiaries. The balance of non-controlling interest was as follows:

SUBSIDIARY	Non-Controlling Interest %	Non-Controlling Interest at March 31, 2018
NetSol PK	33.79%	\$ 13,181,663
NetSol-Innovation	49.90%	1,850,342
VLS, VLSH & VLSIL Combined	49.00%	534,232
NetSol Thai	0.006%	(76)
Total		\$ 15,566,161

SUBSIDIARY	Non-Controlling Interest %	Non-Controlling Interest at June 30, 2017
NetSol PK	33.80%	\$ 12,887,938
NetSol-Innovation	49.90%	1,599,734
VLS, VLHS & VLSIL Combined	49.00%	311,502
NetSol Thai	0.006%	(92)
Total		\$ 14,799,082

NetSol PK

During the nine months ended March 31, 2018, employees of NetSol PK exercised 67,000 options of common stock and NetSol PK received cash of \$10,349. The Company purchased 55,500 shares of common stock of NetSol PK from the open market for \$33,987. Due to the exercise of options and the shares purchase, the non-controlling interest decreased from 33.80% to 33.79%.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2018, NetSol PK paid a cash dividend of \$1,234,991.

Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion is intended to assist in an understanding of the Company’s financial position and results of operations for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2018. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the information included within our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Forward-Looking Information

This report contains certain forward-looking statements and information relating to the Company that is based on the beliefs of its management as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to its management. When used in this report, the words “anticipate”, “believe”, “estimate”, “expect”, “intend”, “plan”, and similar expressions as they relate to the Company or its management, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements reflect management’s current view of the Company with respect to future events and are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Should any of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those described in this report as anticipated, estimated or expected. The Company’s realization of its business aims could be materially and adversely affected by any technical or other problems in, or difficulties with, planned funding and technologies, third party technologies which render the Company’s technologies obsolete, the unavailability of required third party technology licenses on commercially reasonable terms, the loss of key research and development personnel, the inability or failure to recruit and retain qualified research and development personnel, or the adoption of technology standards which are different from technologies around which the Company’s business ultimately is built. The Company does not intend to update these forward-looking statements.

Business Overview

NetSol Technologies, Inc. (NasdaqCM: NTKW) is a worldwide provider of IT and enterprise software solutions. We believe that our solutions constitute mission critical applications for clients, as they encapsulate end-to-end business processes, facilitating faster processing and increased transactions.

The Company’s primary source of revenue is the licensing, customization, enhancement and maintenance of its suite of financial applications under the brand name NFS™ (NetSol Financial Suite) and NFS Ascent™ for leading businesses in the global lease and finance industry.

NetSol’s clients include Dow-Jones 30 Industrials and Fortune 500 manufacturers and financial institutions, global vehicle manufacturers, and enterprise technology providers, all of which are serviced by NetSol delivery locations around the globe.

Founded in 1997, NetSol is headquartered in Calabasas, California. While the Company follows a global strategy for sales and delivery of its portfolio of solutions and services, it continues to maintain regional offices in the following locations:

- North America Los Angeles Area
- Europe London Metropolitan area
- Asia Pacific Lahore, Karachi, Bangkok, Beijing, Jakarta and Sydney

NetSol’s offerings include its flagship global solution, NFS™. A robust suite of five software applications, it is an end-to-end solution for the lease and finance industry covering the complete leasing and financing cycle, starting from quotation origination through end of contract transactions. The five software applications under NFS™ have been designed and developed for a highly flexible setting and are capable of dealing with multinational, multi-company, multi-asset, multi-lingual, multi-distributor and multi-manufacturer environments. Each application is a complete system in itself and can be used independently to address specific sub-domains of the leasing/financing cycle. When used together, they fully automate the entire leasing/financing cycle for any size company, including those with multi-billion-dollar portfolios.

NFS Ascent™

NFS Ascent™ is the Company's next-generation platform, offering a technologically advanced solution for the auto and equipment finance and leasing industry. NFS Ascent's™ architecture and user interfaces were designed based on the Company's collective experience with global Fortune 500 companies over the past 30 years. The platform's framework allows auto captive and asset finance companies to rapidly transform legacy driven technology into a state-of-the-art IT and business process environment. At the core of the NFS Ascent™ platform is a lease accounting and contract processing engine, which allows for an array of interest calculation methods, as well as robust accounting of multibillion dollar lease portfolios under various generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), as well as international financial reporting standards (IFRS). NFS Ascent™, with its distributed and clustered deployment across parallel application and high-volume data servers, enables finance companies to process voluminous data in a hyper speed environment. NFS Ascent™ has been developed using the latest tools and technologies and its n-tier SOA architecture allows the system to greatly improve a myriad of areas including, but not limited to, scalability, performance, fault tolerance and security.

NFS Digital

NetSol launched NFS digital in 2014. It enables a sales force for the finance and leasing company across different channels such as point of sale, field investigation and auditing, and allows end customers to access their contract details through a self-service mobile application. NFS digital includes mAccount, mPOS, mDealer, mAuditor, and Mobile Field Investigator (mFI).

LeasePak

In North America, NTA has and continues to develop the LeasePak CMS product. LeasePak streamlines the lease management lifecycle, enabling superior lease and loan portfolio management, flexible financial products (lease or loan terms) and sophisticated financial analysis and management to reducing operating costs and improve profits. It is scalable from a basic offering to a collection of highly specialized add on modules for systems, portfolios and accrual methods for virtually all sizes and varying complexity of operations. It is part of the vehicle leasing infrastructure at leading Fortune 500 banks and manufacturers, as well as for some of the industry's leading independent lessors. It handles every aspect of the lease or loan lifecycle, including credit application origination, credit adjudication, pricing, documentation, booking, payments, customer service, collections, midterm adjustments, and end-of-term options and asset disposition. It is also integrated with important partners in the asset-finance ecosystem, such as Vertex Series O.

LeasePak-SaaS

NTA also offers the LeasePak Software-as-a-Service ("SaaS") business line, which provides high performance with a reduced total cost of ownership. SaaS offers a proven deployment option whereby customers only require access to the internet to use the software. With an elastic cloud price, revenue stream predictability and improved return on investment for customers, management believes that its SaaS customers will experience the performance, the reliability and the speed usually associated with a highly scalable private cloud. LeasePak-SaaS targets small and mid-sized leasing and finance companies.

LeaseSoft

In addition to offering NFS Ascent™ to the European market, NTE has some regional offerings, including LeaseSoft and LoanSoft. LeaseSoft is a full lifecycle lease and finance system aimed predominantly at the UK funder market, including modules to support web portals and an electronic data interchange manager to facilitate integration between funders and introducers. LoanSoft is similar to LeaseSoft, but optimized for the consumer loan market.

Highlights

Listed below are a few of NetSol's major successes achieved in the nine months ended March 31, 2018:

- We amended the 12 country NFS Ascent™ contract securing €7.7 million Euros (approximately \$9.5 million) in future revenues in addition to what was previously projected from the customer. The revenue will be recognized over the contract term as the support services are performed.
- Pursuant to the 12 country NFS Ascent™ contract, we successfully implemented the Loan Origination System and the Wholesale Financial System in Thailand and Korea, respectively.
- Pursuant to the 12 country NFS Ascent™ contract, we delivered the first major release of NFS Ascent™ to China.

- An increase in software modification requests from some of our existing customers spread across the various regions contributed reasonably to the revenues for the quarter. A trend which is believed will be continued in the following quarters.
- We signed a chargeable proof of concept agreement with one of the oldest and largest banks in Australia. The proof of concept project will add to our revenues and assist us in making further progress in the selection process for our NFS Ascent™ product.
- Mizhou Balimore, a Japanese bank in Indonesia, went live with the first phase of its NFS Ascent™ digital solution.
- Our existing customer, an auto finance company of a leading bank in Indonesia, kicked off its leasing project. We believe that this is likely to help increase revenues in the following quarters. This kick off has further strengthened our relationship with this Indonesian business partner paving the way for further success in the market. Additionally, all the branches of the same business partner successfully went live with NFS Ascent™ during the first quarter of the current fiscal year culminating into a maturing and long-standing delivery commitment.
- We signed a new agreement to deploy our mobility applications with an existing customer valued at approximately \$3 million.
- A current Chinese customer purchased \$1 million of additional licenses due to the increase in its business.
- NFS Ascent™ and Ascent Digital continue to generate interest across all major regions and industries as some significant new prospects have come through the pipeline, further strengthening projections and forecasts. Revenue could also be boosted as customization requests grow in addition to new business volume.
- The launch of “innovation lab” to explore and focus on new technologies such as blockchain, artificial intelligence, and big data to complement our core business.

Our success, in the near term, will depend, in large part, on the Company’s ability to continue to grow revenues and improve profits, adequately capitalize for growth in various markets and verticals, make progress in the North American and European markets and, continue to streamline sales and marketing efforts in every market we operate. However, management’s outlook for the continuing operations, which has been consolidated and has been streamlined, remains optimistic.

Management has identified the following material trends affecting NetSol.

Positive trends:

- Improving U.S. economy generally, and particularly auto and banking markets.
- According to Automotive World December 2017 publication, global demand for light weight trucks is expected to reach an all-time high in 2018.
- Total industry sales of more than 20 million vehicles annually by 2018, according to John Murphy, an analyst for Bank of America Merrill Lynch annual industry outlook.
- Robust Chinese markets as asset based leasing and finance sector are far from maturity levels.
- The inflation rate in Pakistan reached a low of 3.25% in March 2018.
- China investment or CPEC (China Pakistan Economic Corridor) has exceeded \$50 billion from originally \$46 billion in Pakistan on energy and infrastructure projects.
- New emerging markets and IT destinations in Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, China and Australia.
- Continued interest from Fortune 500 multinational auto captives and global companies in NetSol Ascent™.
- Continuing interest from existing clients in the NFS™ legacy systems in emerging and developing markets.
- Growing demand and traction for upgrading to NFS Ascent™ by existing tier one auto captive clients.
- Increased visits to NTPK by senior executives of existing clients and potential new customers.

Negative trends:

- Continued Global terrorism and extremism threats in European countries.
- Geopolitical unrest in the Middle East and potential terrorism and the disruption risk it creates.
- Restricted liquidity and financial burden due to tighter internal processes and limited budgets might cause delays in the receivables from some clients.
- The threats of conflict between in the Middle Eastern countries could potentially create volatility in oil prices, causing readjustments of corporate budgets and consumer spending slowing global auto sales.
- Industry trend towards autonomous cars and its effect on the automotive industry.

CHANGES IN FINANCIAL CONDITION

Quarter Ended March 31, 2018 Compared to the Quarter Ended March 31, 2017

The following table sets forth the items in our unaudited condensed consolidated statement of operations for the quarter ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 as a percentage of revenues.

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2018	%	2017	%
Net Revenues:				
License fees	\$ 2,648,870	15.54%	\$ 5,730,222	31.92%
Maintenance fees	3,659,998	21.47%	3,538,996	19.72%
Services	9,345,210	54.83%	6,669,309	37.16%
Maintenance fees - related party	105,325	0.62%	51,698	0.29%
Services - related party	1,284,417	7.54%	1,959,095	10.91%
Total net revenues	<u>17,043,820</u>	100.00%	<u>17,949,320</u>	100.00%
Cost of revenues:				
Salaries and consultants	5,418,067	31.79%	6,161,110	34.33%
Travel	425,060	2.49%	764,867	4.26%
Depreciation and amortization	1,127,077	6.61%	1,340,188	7.47%
Other	880,897	5.17%	686,950	3.83%
Total cost of revenues	<u>7,851,101</u>	46.06%	<u>8,953,115</u>	49.88%
Gross profit	9,192,719	53.94%	8,996,205	50.12%
Operating expenses:				
Selling and marketing	1,962,402	11.51%	2,439,948	13.59%
Depreciation and amortization	231,308	1.36%	284,642	1.59%
General and administrative	4,048,271	23.75%	4,329,798	24.12%
Research and development cost	197,643	1.16%	101,193	0.56%
Total operating expenses	<u>6,439,624</u>	37.78%	<u>7,155,581</u>	39.87%
Income from operations	2,753,095	16.15%	1,840,624	10.25%
Other income and (expenses)				
Gain on sale of assets	40,537	0.24%	1,647	0.01%
Interest expense	(102,522)	-0.60%	(60,357)	-0.34%
Interest income	142,356	0.84%	27,229	0.15%
Gain (loss) on foreign currency exchange transactions	2,550,394	14.96%	390,897	2.18%
Share of net loss from equity investment	(263,678)	-1.55%	-	0.00%
Other income	314	0.00%	(219)	0.00%
Total other income (expenses)	<u>2,367,401</u>	13.89%	<u>359,197</u>	2.00%
Net income (loss) before income taxes	5,120,496	30.04%	2,199,821	12.26%
Income tax provision	(261,182)	-1.53%	(61,604)	-0.34%
Net income (loss)	4,859,314	28.51%	2,138,217	11.91%
Non-controlling interest	(1,994,869)	-11.70%	(1,438,249)	-8.01%
Net income (loss) attributable to NetSol	<u>\$ 2,864,445</u>	16.81%	<u>\$ 699,968</u>	3.90%

A significant portion of our business is conducted in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. We operate in several geographical regions as described in Note 19 “Operating Segments” within the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. Weakening of the value of the U.S. dollar compared to foreign currency exchange rates generally has the effect of increasing our revenues but also increasing our expenses denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. Similarly, strengthening of the U.S. dollar compared to foreign currency exchange rates generally has the effect of reducing our revenues but also reducing our expenses denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. We plan our business accordingly by deploying additional resources to areas of expansion, while continuing to monitor our overall expenditures given the economic uncertainties of our target markets. In order to provide a framework for assessing how our underlying businesses performed excluding the effect of foreign currency fluctuations, we compare the changes in results from one period to another period using constant currency. In order to calculate our constant currency results, we apply the current period results to the prior period foreign currency exchange rates. In the table below, we present the change based on actual results in reported currency and in constant currency.

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,				Favorable (Unfavorable) Change in Constant Currency	Favorable (Unfavorable) Change due to Currency Fluctuation	Total Favorable (Unfavorable) Change as Reported
	2018	%	2017	%			
Net Revenues:	17,043,820	100.00%	17,949,320	100.00%	(425,759)	(479,741)	(905,500)
Cost of revenues:	7,851,101	46.06%	8,953,115	49.88%	864,576	237,438	1,102,014
Gross profit	9,192,719	53.94%	8,996,205	50.12%	438,817	(242,303)	196,514
Operating expenses:	6,439,624	37.78%	7,155,581	39.87%	169,300	546,657	715,957
Income (loss) from operations	2,753,095	16.15%	1,840,624	10.25%	608,117	304,354	912,471

Net revenues for the quarter ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 are broken out among the segments as follows:

	2018		2017	
	Revenue	%	Revenue	%
North America	998,403	5.86%	1,111,897	6.19%
Europe	2,229,627	13.08%	1,808,567	10.08%
Asia-Pacific	13,815,790	81.06%	15,028,856	83.73%
Total	<u>\$ 17,043,820</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>\$ 17,949,320</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

Revenues

License fees

License fees for the three months ended March 31, 2018 were \$2,648,870 compared to \$5,730,222 for the three months ended March 31, 2017, reflecting a decrease of \$3,081,352 with a change in constant currency of \$2,914,611. The decrease in license revenue for the fiscal three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to 2017 is primarily due to the decrease of license revenue recognized for the 12 country NFS Ascent™ contract offset by new license sales of approximately \$1,400,000 and \$1,200,000 for our legacy products and our mobility products, respectively.

Maintenance fees

Maintenance fees for the three months ended March 31, 2018 were \$3,659,998 compared to \$3,538,996 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 reflecting an increase of \$121,002 with a change in constant currency of \$145,167. Maintenance fees begin once a customer has “gone live” with our product. The increase was due to the fluctuation in usage of active users. We anticipate maintenance fees to gradually increase as we implement both our NFS legacy product and NFS Ascent™.

Maintenance fees – related party

Maintenance fees from related party for the three months ended March 31, 2018 were \$105,325 compared to \$51,698 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 reflecting an increase of \$53,627 with a change in constant currency of \$43,190. The increase was due to the fluctuation in usage of active users.

Services

Services income for the three months ended March 31, 2018 was \$9,345,210 compared to \$6,669,309 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 reflecting an increase of \$2,675,901 with a change in constant currency of \$2,954,472. The services revenue increase was due to an increase in services revenue associated with new implementations and change requests. Services revenue is derived from services provided to both current customers as well as services provided to new customers as part of the implementation process.

Services – related party

Services income from related party for the three months ended March 31, 2018 was \$1,284,417 compared to \$1,959,095 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 reflecting a decrease of \$674,678 with a change in constant currency of \$653,977. The decrease in related party service revenue is due to a decrease in revenue from our joint venture with linsurer.

Gross Profit

The gross profit was \$9,192,719, for the three months ended March 31, 2018 as compared with \$8,996,205 for the three months ended March 31, 2017. This is an increase of \$196,514 with an increase in constant currency of \$438,817. The gross profit percentage for the three months ended March 31, 2018 increased to 53.94% from 50.12% for the three months ended March 31, 2017. The cost of sales was \$7,851,101 for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to \$8,953,115 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 for a decrease of \$1,102,014 and on a constant currency basis a decrease of \$864,576. As a percentage of sales, cost of sales decreased from 49.88% for the three months ended March 31, 2017 to 46.06% for the three months ended March 31, 2018.

Salaries and consultant fees decreased by \$743,043 from \$6,161,110 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 to \$5,418,067 for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and on a constant currency basis decreased \$568,807. The decrease in salaries and consultant fees is due to the right sizing of technical employees at key locations including Pakistan, Thailand, China, UK and North America. As a percentage of sales, salaries and consultant expense decreased from 34.33% for the three months ended March 31, 2017 to 31.79% for the three months ended March 31, 2018.

Depreciation and amortization expense decreased to \$1,127,077 compared to \$1,340,188 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 or a decrease of \$213,111 and on a constant currency basis a decrease of \$143,596. Depreciation and amortization expense decreased as some products became fully amortized.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses were \$6,439,624 for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to \$7,155,581, for the three months ended March 31, 2017 for a decrease of 10.01% or \$715,957 and on a constant currency basis a decrease of 2.37% or \$169,300. As a percentage of sales, it decreased from 39.87% to 37.78%. The decrease in operating expenses was primarily due to decreases in selling and marketing expenses, professional services, general and administrative expenses and depreciation.

Selling and marketing expenses decreased by \$477,546 or 19.57% and on a constant currency basis a decrease of \$45,387 or 1.86%. The decrease in selling and marketing expenses is due to reduction in staff, decrease in our salaries and commissions, travel expenses, and business development costs to market and sell NFS Ascent™ globally.

General and administrative expenses were \$4,048,271 for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to \$4,329,798 at March 31, 2017 or a decrease of \$281,527 or 6.50% and on a constant currency basis a decrease of \$176,589 or 4.08%. During the three months ended March 31, 2018, salaries increased by approximately \$230,665 or \$236,537 on a constant currency basis due to the annual raises, offset by a decrease in professional services of \$175,233 or \$180,818 on a constant currency basis and other general and administrative expenses of approximately \$336,959 or \$232,308 on a constant currency basis.

Income from Operations

Income from operations was \$2,753,095 for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to \$1,840,624 for the three months ended March 31, 2017. This represents an increase of \$912,471 with an increase of \$608,117 on a constant currency basis for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared with the three months ended March 31, 2017. As a percentage of sales, income from operations was 16.15% for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to 10.25% for the three months ended March 31, 2017.

Other income and expense

Other income was \$2,367,401 for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared with \$359,197 for the three months ended March 31, 2017. This represents an increase of \$2,008,204 with an increase of \$2,131,878 on a constant currency basis. The increase is primarily due to the foreign currency exchange transactions. The majority of the contracts with NetSol PK are either in U.S. dollars or Euros; therefore, the currency fluctuations will lead to foreign currency exchange gains or losses depending on the value of the Pakistan Rupee ("PKR") compared to the U.S. dollar and the Euro. In December 2017, Pakistan's central bank withdrew its support of the PKR, which caused the PKR to drop in value. During the three months ended March 31, 2018, we recognized a gain of \$2,550,394 in foreign currency exchange transactions compared to \$390,897 for the three months ended March 31, 2017. During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the value of the U.S. dollar and the Euro increased 4.5% and 7.54%, respectively, compared to the PKR. During the three months ended March 31, 2017, the value of the U.S. dollar and the Euro increased 0.4% and 1.9%, respectively, compared to the PKR.

Non-controlling Interest

For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, the net income attributable to non-controlling interest was \$1,994,869 and \$1,438,249, respectively. The increase in non-controlling interest is primarily due to the increase in net income of NetSol PK offset by a decrease in net income of NetSol Innovation.

Net Income / Loss attributable to NetSol

Net income was \$2,864,445 for the three months ended March 31, 2018 compared \$699,968 for the three months ended March 31, 2017. This is an increase of \$2,164,477 with an increase of \$1,872,983 on a constant currency basis, compared to the prior year. For the three months ended March 31, 2018, net income per share was \$0.26 and \$0.25 for basic and diluted shares, respectively, compared to \$0.06 for basic and diluted shares for the three months ended March 31, 2017.

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2018 Compared to the Nine Months Ended March 31, 2017

The following table sets forth the items in our unaudited condensed consolidated statement of operations for the nine months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 as a percentage of revenues.

	For the Nine Months Ended March 31,			
	2018	%	2017	%
Net Revenues:				
License fees	\$ 3,210,868	7.25%	\$ 14,953,574	29.39%
Maintenance fees	10,702,171	24.15%	10,651,692	20.93%
Services	25,450,138	57.44%	18,844,602	37.03%
License fees - related party	261,513	0.59%	246,957	0.49%
Maintenance fees - related party	309,539	0.70%	233,674	0.46%
Services - related party	4,374,802	9.87%	5,954,076	11.70%
Total net revenues	44,309,031	100.00%	50,884,575	100.00%
Cost of revenues:				
Salaries and consultants	16,244,319	36.66%	18,034,263	35.44%
Travel	1,226,073	2.77%	2,313,002	4.55%
Depreciation and amortization	3,468,293	7.83%	3,989,824	7.84%
Other	2,677,465	6.04%	2,725,015	5.36%
Total cost of revenues	23,616,150	53.30%	27,062,104	53.18%
Gross profit	20,692,881	46.70%	23,822,471	46.82%
Operating expenses:				
Selling and marketing	5,605,838	12.65%	7,497,464	14.73%
Depreciation and amortization	699,966	1.58%	825,224	1.62%
General and administrative	11,862,535	26.77%	12,882,407	25.32%
Research and development cost	572,619	1.29%	285,732	0.56%
Total operating expenses	18,740,958	42.30%	21,490,827	42.23%
Income from operations	1,951,923	4.41%	2,331,644	4.58%
Other income and (expenses)				
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	24,468	0.06%	(33,095)	-0.07%
Interest expense	(330,268)	-0.75%	(176,959)	-0.35%
Interest income	394,837	0.89%	81,085	0.16%
Gain (loss) on foreign currency exchange transactions	5,304,723	11.97%	(645,886)	-1.27%
Share of net loss from equity investment	(534,576)	-1.21%	-	0.00%
Other income	15,924	0.04%	28,164	0.06%
Total other income (expenses)	4,875,108	11.00%	(746,691)	-1.47%
Net income before income taxes	6,827,031	15.41%	1,584,953	3.11%
Income tax provision	(486,980)	-1.10%	(440,363)	-0.87%
Net income	6,340,051	14.31%	1,144,590	2.25%
Non-controlling interest	(3,210,683)	-7.25%	(2,999,127)	-5.89%
Net income (loss) attributable to NetSol	\$ 3,129,368	7.06%	\$ (1,854,537)	-3.64%

A significant portion of our business is conducted in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. We operate in several geographical regions as described in Note 19 “Operating Segments” within the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. Weakening of the value of the U.S. dollar compared to foreign currency exchange rates generally has the effect of increasing our revenues but also increasing our expenses denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. Similarly, strengthening of the U.S. dollar compared to foreign currency exchange rates generally has the effect of reducing our revenues but also reducing our expenses denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. We plan our business accordingly by deploying additional resources to areas of expansion, while continuing to monitor our overall expenditures given the economic uncertainties of our target markets. In order to provide a framework for assessing how our underlying businesses performed excluding the effect of foreign currency fluctuations, we compare the changes in results from one period to another period using constant currency. In order to calculate our constant currency results, we apply the current period results to the prior period foreign currency exchange rates. In the table below, we present the change based on actual results in reported currency and in constant currency.

	For the Nine Months Ended March 31,				Favorable (Unfavorable) Change in Constant Currency	Favorable (Unfavorable) Change due to Currency Fluctuation	Total Favorable (Unfavorable) Change as Reported
	2018	%	2017	%			
Net Revenues:	44,309,031	100.00%	50,884,575	100.00%	(6,076,003)	(499,541)	(6,575,544)
Cost of revenues:	23,616,150	53.30%	27,062,104	53.18%	3,134,346	311,608	3,445,954
Gross profit	20,692,881	46.70%	23,822,471	46.82%	(2,941,657)	(187,933)	(3,129,590)
Operating expenses:	18,740,958	42.30%	21,490,827	42.23%	2,267,248	482,621	2,749,869
Income (loss) from operations	1,951,923	4.41%	2,331,644	4.58%	(674,409)	294,688	(379,721)

Net revenues for the nine months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 are broken out among the segments as follows:

	2018		2017	
	Revenue	%	Revenue	%
North America	\$ 3,134,113	7.07%	\$ 4,467,325	8.78%
Europe	6,382,555	14.40%	5,164,440	10.15%
Asia-Pacific	34,792,363	78.52%	41,252,810	81.07%
Total	<u>\$44,309,031</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>\$50,884,575</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

Revenues

License fees

License fees for the nine months ended March 31, 2018 were \$3,210,868 compared to \$14,953,574 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017, reflecting a decrease of \$11,742,706 with a change in constant currency of \$11,597,815. The decrease in license revenue for the fiscal nine months ended March 31, 2018 compared to 2017 is primarily due to the decrease of license revenue recognized for the 12 country NFS Ascent™ contract offset by new license sales of approximately \$2,000,000 and \$1,200,000 for our legacy products and our mobility products, respectively.

License fees – related party

License fees from related party for the nine months ended March 31, 2018 were \$261,513 compared to \$246,957 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017 reflecting an increase of \$14,556 with a change in constant currency of \$7,851.

Maintenance fees

Maintenance fees for the nine months ended March 31, 2018 were \$10,702,171 compared to \$10,651,692 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017 reflecting an increase of \$50,479 with a change in constant currency of \$64,915. Maintenance fees begin once a customer has “gone live” with our product. The increase was due to the fluctuation in usage of active users. We anticipate maintenance fees to gradually increase as we implement both our NFS legacy product and NFS Ascent™.

Maintenance fees – related party

Maintenance fees from related party for the nine months ended March 31, 2018 were \$309,539 compared to \$233,674 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017 reflecting an increase of \$75,865 with a change in constant currency of \$60,192. The increase was due to the fluctuation in usage of active users.

Services

Services income for the nine months ended March 31, 2018 was \$25,450,138 compared to \$18,844,602 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017 reflecting an increase of \$6,605,536 with a change in constant currency of \$6,941,815. The services revenue increase was due to an increase in services revenue associated with new implementations and change requests. Services revenue is derived from services provided to both current customers as well as services provided to new customers as part of the implementation process.

Services – related party

Services income from related party for the nine months ended March 31, 2018 was \$4,374,802 compared to \$5,954,076 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017 reflecting a decrease of \$1,579,274 with a change in constant currency of \$1,552,961. The decrease in related party service revenue is due to a decrease in revenue from our joint venture with 1insurer.

Gross Profit

The gross profit was \$20,692,881, for the nine months ended March 31, 2018 as compared with \$23,822,471 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017. This is a decrease of \$3,129,590 with a change in constant currency of \$2,941,657. The gross profit percentage for the nine months ended March 31, 2018 decreased to 46.70% from 46.82% for the nine months ended March 31, 2017. The cost of sales was \$23,616,150 for the nine months ended March 31, 2018 compared to \$27,062,104 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017 for a decrease of \$3,445,954 and on a constant currency basis a decrease of \$3,134,346. As a percentage of sales, cost of sales increased from 53.18% for the nine months ended March 31, 2017 to 53.30% for the nine months ended March 31, 2018.

Salaries and consultant fees decreased by \$1,789,944 from \$18,034,263 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017 to \$16,244,319 for the nine months ended March 31, 2018 and on a constant currency basis decreased \$1,541,008. The decrease in salaries and consultant fees is due to the right sizing of technical employees at key locations including Pakistan, Thailand, China, UK and North America. As a percentage of sales, salaries and consultant expense increased from 35.44% for the nine months ended March 31, 2017 to 36.66% for the nine months ended March 31, 2018.

Depreciation and amortization expense decreased to \$3,468,293 compared to \$3,989,824 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017 or a decrease of \$521,531 and on a constant currency basis a decrease of \$427,379. Depreciation and amortization expense decreased as some products became fully amortized.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses were \$18,740,958 for the nine months ended March 31, 2018 compared to \$21,490,827, for the nine months ended March 31, 2017 for a decrease of 12.80% or \$2,749,869 and on a constant currency basis a decrease of 10.55% or \$2,267,248. As a percentage of sales, it increased from 42.23% to 42.30%. The decrease in operating expenses was primarily due to decreases in selling and marketing expenses, salaries and wages and depreciation.

Selling and marketing expenses decreased by \$1,891,626 or 25.23% and on a constant currency basis a decrease of \$1,491,024 or 19.89%. The decrease in selling and marketing expenses is due to reduction in staff, decrease in our salaries and commissions, travel expenses, and business development costs to market and sell NFS Ascent™ globally.

General and administrative expenses were \$11,862,535 for the nine months ended March 31, 2018 compared to \$12,882,407 at March 31, 2017 or a decrease of \$1,019,872 or 7.92% and on a constant currency basis a decrease of \$945,325 or 7.34%. During the nine months ended March 31, 2018, salaries decreased by \$821,691 or \$806,610 on a constant currency basis due to the decrease in the number of employees, minimal annual raises, less issue of share grants and options. Other general and administrative expenses decreased by \$88,603 or \$19,877 on a constant currency basis and professional services decreased by \$109,578 or \$118,838 on constant currency bases.

Income from Operations

Income from operations was \$1,951,923 for the nine months ended March 31, 2018 compared to income of \$2,331,644 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017. This represents a decrease of \$379,721 with a decrease of \$674,409 on a constant currency basis for the nine months ended March 31, 2018 compared with the nine months ended March 31, 2017. As a percentage of sales, income from operations was 4.41% for the nine months ended March 31, 2018 compared to 4.58% for the nine months ended March 31, 2017.

Other Income and Expense

Other income was \$4,875,108 for the nine months ended March 31, 2018 compared with a loss of \$746,691 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017. This represents an increase of \$5,621,799 with an increase of \$5,778,863 on a constant currency basis. The increase is primarily due to the foreign currency exchange transactions. The majority of the contracts with NetSol PK are either in U.S. dollars or Euros; therefore, the currency fluctuations will lead to foreign currency exchange gains or losses depending on the value of the PKR compared to the U.S. dollar and the Euro. In December 2017, Pakistan's central bank withdrew its support of the PKR, which caused the PKR to drop in value. During the nine months ended March 31, 2018, we recognized a gain of \$5,304,723 in foreign currency exchange transactions compared to a loss of \$645,886 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017. During the nine months ended March 31, 2018, the value of the U.S. dollar and the Euro increased 10.42% and 19.13%, respectively, compared to the PKR. During the nine months ended March 31, 2017, the value of the U.S. dollar and the Euro decreased 0.14% and 4.55%, respectively, compared to the PKR.

Non-controlling Interest

For the nine months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, the net income attributable to non-controlling interest was \$3,210,683 and \$2,999,127, respectively. The increase in non-controlling interest is primarily due to the increase in net income of NetSol PK offset by a decrease in net income of NetSol Innovation.

Net Income / Loss attributable to NetSol

Net income was \$3,129,368 for the nine months ended March 31, 2018 compared to a loss of \$1,854,537 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017. This is an increase of \$4,983,905 with an increase of \$4,730,820 on a constant currency basis, compared to the prior year. For the nine months ended March 31, 2018, net income per share was \$0.28 for basic and diluted shares compared to a loss of \$0.17 for basic and diluted shares for the nine months ended March 31, 2017.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Regulation S-K Item 10(e), "Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures in Commission Filings," defines and prescribes the conditions for use of non-GAAP financial information. Our measures of adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA per basic and diluted share meet the definition of a non-GAAP financial measure.

We define the non-GAAP measures as follows:

- EBITDA is GAAP net income or loss before net interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization.
- Non-GAAP adjusted EBITDA is EBITDA less stock-based compensation expense.
- Adjusted EBITDA per basic and diluted share – Adjusted EBITDA allocated to common stock divided by the weighted average shares outstanding and diluted shares outstanding.

We use non-GAAP measures internally to evaluate the business and believe that presenting non-GAAP measures provides useful information to investors regarding the underlying business trends and performance of our ongoing operations as well as useful metrics for monitoring our performance and evaluating it against industry peers. The non-GAAP financial measures presented should be used in addition to, and in conjunction with, results presented in accordance with GAAP, and should not be relied upon to the exclusion of GAAP financial measures. Management strongly encourages investors to review our consolidated financial statements in their entirety and not to rely on any single financial measure in evaluating the Company.

The non-GAAP measures reflect adjustments based on the following items:

EBITDA: We report EBITDA as a non-GAAP metric by excluding the effect of net interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization from net income or loss because doing so makes internal comparisons to our historical operating results more consistent. In addition, we believe providing an EBITDA calculation is a more useful comparison of our operating results to the operating results of our peers.

Stock-based compensation expense: We have excluded the effect of stock-based compensation expense from the non-GAAP adjusted EBITDA and non-GAAP adjusted EBITDA per basic and diluted share calculations. Although stock-based compensation expense is

calculated in accordance with current GAAP and constitutes an ongoing and recurring expense, such expense is excluded from non-GAAP results because it is not an expense which generally requires cash settlement by NetSol, and therefore is not used by us to assess the profitability of our operations. We also believe the exclusion of stock-based compensation expense provides a more useful comparison of our operating results to the operating results of our peers.

Non-controlling interest: We add back the non-controlling interest in calculating gross adjusted EBITDA and then subtract out the income taxes, depreciation and amortization and net interest expense attributable to the non-controlling interest to arrive at a net adjusted EBITDA.

Our reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measures of adjusted EBITDA and non-GAAP earnings per basic and diluted share to the most comparable GAAP measures for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2018	Three Months Ended March 31, 2017	Nine Months Ended March 31, 2018	Nine Months Ended March 31, 2017
Net Income (loss) before preferred dividend, per GAAP	\$ 2,864,445	\$ 699,968	\$ 3,129,368	\$ (1,854,537)
Non-controlling interest	1,994,869	1,438,249	3,210,683	2,999,127
Income taxes	261,182	61,604	486,980	440,363
Depreciation and amortization	1,358,385	1,624,830	4,168,259	4,815,048
Interest expense	102,522	60,357	330,268	176,959
Interest (income)	(142,356)	(27,229)	(394,837)	(81,085)
EBITDA	<u>\$ 6,439,047</u>	<u>\$ 3,857,779</u>	<u>\$ 10,930,721</u>	<u>\$ 6,495,875</u>
Add back:				
Non-cash stock-based compensation	448,233	478,345	1,281,763	2,025,924
Adjusted EBITDA, gross	<u>\$ 6,887,280</u>	<u>\$ 4,336,124</u>	<u>\$ 12,212,484</u>	<u>\$ 8,521,799</u>
Less non-controlling interest (a)	(2,540,702)	(2,317,246)	(4,804,869)	(5,501,218)
Adjusted EBITDA, net	<u><u>\$ 4,346,578</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 2,018,878</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 7,407,615</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 3,020,581</u></u>
Weighted Average number of shares outstanding				
Basic	11,190,048	10,987,214	11,118,529	10,850,538
Diluted	<u>11,268,842</u>	<u>11,121,620</u>	<u>11,152,365</u>	<u>10,984,944</u>
Basic adjusted EBITDA	<u>\$ 0.39</u>	<u>\$ 0.18</u>	<u>\$ 0.67</u>	<u>\$ 0.28</u>
Diluted adjusted EBITDA	<u><u>\$ 0.39</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 0.18</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 0.66</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 0.27</u></u>

(a) The reconciliation of adjusted EBITDA of non-controlling interest to net income attributable to non-controlling interest is as follows

Net Income attributable to non-controlling interest	\$ 1,994,869	\$ 1,438,249	\$ 3,210,683	\$ 2,999,127
Income Taxes	65,798	36,569	106,221	74,350
Depreciation and amortization	449,828	790,065	1,382,148	2,346,603
Interest expense	31,865	9,416	105,400	40,749
Interest (income)	(43,702)	(31,715)	(125,777)	(83,112)
EBITDA	<u>\$ 2,498,658</u>	<u>\$ 2,242,584</u>	<u>\$ 4,678,675</u>	<u>\$ 5,377,717</u>
Add back:				
Non-cash stock-based compensation	42,044	74,662	126,194	123,501
Adjusted EBITDA of non-controlling interest	<u><u>\$ 2,540,702</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 2,317,246</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 4,804,869</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 5,501,218</u></u>

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our cash position was \$12,711,983 at March 31, 2018, compared to \$14,172,954 at June 30, 2017.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$2,252,005 for the nine months ended March 31, 2018 compared to net cash used in operating activities of \$2,018,592 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017. At March 31, 2018, we had current assets of \$58,294,081 and current liabilities of \$24,794,887. We had accounts receivable of \$26,287,212 at March 31, 2018 compared to \$8,228,141 at June 30, 2017. The increase in accounts receivable includes \$4,313,306 due to billing for the code split per the amended DFS contract. We had revenues in excess of billings of \$17,192,524 at March 31, 2018 compared to \$24,380,632 at June 30, 2017 of which \$1,752,554 and \$5,173,538 is shown as long term as of March 31, 2018 and June 30, 2017, respectively.

The long-term portion is discounted by \$313,559 and \$310,331 at March 31, 2018 and June 30, 2017, respectively, using the discounted cash flow method with interest rates ranging from 3.87% to 4.43% which is NetSol PK's weighted average borrowing rate. During the nine months ended March 31, 2018, our revenues in excess of billings were reclassified to accounts receivable pursuant to billing requirements detailed in each contract. The combined totals for accounts receivable and revenues in excess of billings increased by \$10,870,963 from \$32,608,773 at June 30, 2017 to \$43,479,736 at March 31, 2018. The increase is due to recognition of revenue according to progress of contracts and billing for the amended DFS contract. Accounts payable and accrued expenses, and current portions of loans and lease obligations amounted to \$7,765,645 and \$9,099,822, respectively at March 31, 2018. Accounts payable and accrued expenses, and current portions of loans and lease obligations amounted to \$6,880,194 and \$10,222,795, respectively at June 30, 2017.

The average days sales outstanding for the nine months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 were 274 and 165 days, respectively, for each period. The days sales outstanding have been calculated by taking into consideration the average combined balances of accounts receivable and revenues in excess of billings.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$1,392,957 for the nine months ended March 31, 2018, compared to \$2,072,047 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017. We had purchases of property and equipment of \$1,107,732 compared to \$1,315,922 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017. For the nine months ended March 31, 2018, we invested \$550,000 in a short-term convertible note receivable from WRLD3D. For the nine months ended March 31, 2018, we invested \$50,000 in WRLD3D compared to \$905,555 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017.

Net cash used in financing activities was \$1,117,872 for the nine months ended March 31, 2018, compared to \$1,065,436 provided by financing activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2017. The nine months ended March 31, 2018 included the cash inflow of \$215,311 from the exercising of stock options compared to \$785,479 for the same period last year. During the nine months ended March 31, 2018, we purchased 171,074 shares of our common stock from the open market for \$750,714 compared to 7,500 shares of common stock for \$38,885 for the same period last year. The nine months ended March 31, 2018 included the cash inflow of \$696,936 from bank proceeds compared to \$1,484,162 for the same period last year. During the nine months ended March 31, 2018, we had net payments for bank loans and capital leases of \$961,901 compared to \$251,040 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017. We are operating in various geographical regions of the world through our various subsidiaries. Those subsidiaries have financial arrangements from various financial institutions to meet both their short and long-term funding requirements. These loans will become due at different maturity dates as described in Note 14 of the financial statements. We are in compliance with the covenants of the financial arrangements and there is no default, which may lead to early payment of these obligations. We anticipate paying back all these obligations on their respective due dates from its own sources.

We typically fund the cash requirements for our operations in the U.S. through our license, services, and maintenance agreements, intercompany charges for corporate services, and through the exercise of options and warrants. As of March 31, 2018, we had approximately \$12.7 million of cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities of which approximately \$11.6 million is held by our foreign subsidiaries. As of June 30, 2017, we had approximately \$14.2 million of cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities of which approximately \$11.6 million is held by our foreign subsidiaries. The Tax Act, which was passed on December 22, 2017, imposes a one-time repatriation tax on deemed repatriation of historical earnings of foreign subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2017, the provisional undistributed earnings of foreign subsidiaries were \$22.8 million which we anticipate being able to offset fully with net operating loss carry forwards.

We remain open to strategic relationships that would provide value added benefits. The focus will remain on continuously improving cash reserves internally and reduced reliance on external capital raise.

As a growing company, we have on-going capital expenditure needs based on our short term and long-term business plans. Although our requirements for capital expenses vary from time to time, for the next 12 months, we anticipate needing \$2 million for APAC, U.S. and Europe new business development activities and infrastructure enhancements, which we expect to provide from current operations.

While there is no guarantee that any of these methods will result in raising sufficient funds to meet our capital needs or that even if available will be on terms acceptable to us, we will be very cautious and prudent about any new capital raise given the global market uncertainties. However, we are very conscious of the dilutive effect and price pressures in raising equity-based capital.

Financial Covenants

Our UK based subsidiary, NTE, has an approved overdraft facility of £300,000 (\$422,535) which requires that the aggregate amount of invoiced trade debtors (net of provisions for bad and doubtful debts and excluding intra-group debtors) of NTE, not exceeding 90 days old, will not be less than an amount equal to 200% of the facility. The Pakistani subsidiary, NetSol PK has an approved facility for export refinance from Askari Bank Limited amounting to Rupees 500 million (\$4,325,634) and a running finance facility of Rupees 75 million (\$648,845) which requires NetSol PK to maintain a long-term debt equity ratio of 60:40 and the current ratio of 1:1. NetSol PK also has an approved export refinance facility of Rs. 350 million (\$3,027,643) and a running finance facility of Rs. 150 million (\$1,297,690) from Samba Bank Limited. During the tenure of loan, these two facilities require NetSol PK to maintain at a minimum a current ratio of 1:1, an interest coverage ratio of 4 times, a leverage ratio of 2 times, and a debt service coverage ratio of 4 times.

As of the date of this report, we are in compliance with the financial covenants associated with our borrowings. The maturity dates of the borrowings of respective subsidiaries may accelerate if they do not comply with these covenants. In case of any change in control in subsidiaries, they may have to repay their respective credit facilities.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Our financial statements and accompanying notes are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP"). Preparing financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, and expenses. These estimates and assumptions are affected by management's application of accounting policies. Critical accounting policies for us include revenue recognition and multiple element arrangements, intangible assets, software development costs, and goodwill.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Company derives revenues from the following sources: (1) software licenses, (2) services, which include implementation and consulting services, and (3) maintenance, which includes post contract support.

The Company recognizes revenue from license contracts without major customization when a non-cancelable, non-contingent license agreement has been signed, delivery of the software has occurred, the fee is fixed or determinable, and collectability is probable. Delivery is considered to have occurred upon electronic transfer of the license key that provides immediate availability of the product to the purchaser. Determining whether and when some of these criteria have been satisfied often involves assumptions and judgments that can have a significant impact on the timing and amount of revenue the Company reports.

If an arrangement does not qualify for separate accounting of the software license and consulting transactions, then new software license revenue is generally recognized together with the consulting services based on contract accounting using either the percentage-of-completion or completed contract method. Contract accounting is applied to any arrangements: (1) that include milestones or customer specific acceptance criteria that may affect collection of the software license fees; (2) where services include significant modification or customization of the software; (3) where significant consulting services are provided for in the software license contract without additional charge or are substantially discounted; or (4) where the software license payment is tied to the performance of consulting services.

Revenue from consulting services is recognized as the services are performed for time-and-materials contracts. Revenue from training and development services is recognized as the services are performed.

Revenue from maintenance agreements is recognized ratably over the term of the maintenance agreement, typically one year.

Multiple Element Arrangements

The Company may enter into multiple element revenue arrangements in which a customer may purchase a number of different combinations of software licenses, consulting services, maintenance and support, as well as training and development.

Vendor specific objective evidence ("VSOE") of fair value for each element is based on the price for which the element is sold separately. The Company determines the VSOE of fair value of each element based on historical evidence of the Company's stand-alone sales of these elements to third-parties or from the stated renewal rate for the elements contained in the initial software license arrangement. When VSOE of fair value does not exist for any undelivered element, revenue is deferred until the earlier of the point at which such VSOE of fair value exists or until all elements of the arrangement have been delivered. The only exception to this guidance is when the only undelivered element is maintenance and support or other services, then the entire arrangement fee is recognized ratably over the performance period.

INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets consist of product licenses, renewals, enhancements, copyrights, trademarks, trade names, and customer lists. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over the estimated useful life and are evaluated for impairment at least on an annual basis and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. We assess recoverability by determining whether the carrying value of such assets will be recovered through the undiscounted expected future cash flows. If the future undiscounted cash flows are less than the carrying amount of these assets, we recognize an impairment loss based on the excess of the carrying amount over the fair value of the assets.

SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT COSTS

Costs incurred to internally develop computer software products or to enhance an existing product are recorded as research and development costs and expensed when incurred until technological feasibility for the respective product is established. Thereafter, all software development costs are capitalized and reported at the lower of unamortized cost or net realizable value. Capitalization ceases when the product or enhancement is available for general release to customers.

The Company makes on-going evaluations of the recoverability of its capitalized software projects by comparing the amount capitalized for each product to the estimated net realizable value of the product. If such evaluations indicate that the unamortized software development costs exceed the net realizable value, the Company writes off the amount which the unamortized software development costs exceed net realizable value. Capitalized and purchased computer software development costs are being amortized ratably based on the projected revenue associated with the related software or on a straight-line basis.

STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Our stock-based compensation expense is estimated at the grant date based on the award's fair value as calculated by the Black-Scholes-Merton (BSM) option pricing model and is recognized as expense over the requisite service period. The BSM model requires various highly judgmental assumptions including expected volatility and expected term. If any of the assumptions used in the BSM model changes significantly, stock-based compensation expense may differ materially in the future from that recorded in the current period. In addition, we are required to estimate the expected forfeiture rate and only recognize expense for those shares expected to vest. We estimate the forfeiture rate based on historical experience and our expectations regarding future pre-vesting termination behavior of employees. To the extent our actual forfeiture rate is different from our estimate; stock-based compensation expense is adjusted accordingly.

GOODWILL

Goodwill represents the excess of the aggregate purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired in a purchase businesses combination. Goodwill is reviewed for impairment on an annual basis, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of goodwill may be impaired. The goodwill impairment test is a two-step test. Under the first step, the fair value of the reporting unit is compared with its carrying value (including goodwill). If the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying value, an indication of goodwill impairment exists for the reporting unit and the enterprise must perform step two of the impairment test (measurement). Under step two, an impairment loss is recognized for any excess of the carrying amount of the reporting unit's goodwill over the implied fair value of that goodwill. The implied fair value of goodwill is determined by allocating the fair value of the reporting unit in a manner similar to a purchase price allocation. The residual fair value after this allocation is the implied fair value of the reporting unit goodwill. Fair value of the reporting unit is determined using a discounted cash flow analysis. If the fair value of the reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, step two does not need to be performed.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

For information with respect to recent accounting pronouncements and the impact of these pronouncements on our consolidated financial statements, see Note 2 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risks.

None.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15 under the Exchange Act, as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Financial Officer and Chief Executive Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were ineffective.

The material weakness relates to the lack of qualified Internal Audit resources dedicated to documenting and testing legacy accounting systems and Corporate functions.

The Company is in the process of remediating the material weakness, including, but not limited to, by continuing the implementation of a leading cloud-based global ERP system, as approved by the Company's Board in fiscal year 2016, which is already live in certain locations, and is expected to be completed by June 30, 2018. Further, the Company engaged an internal audit consulting firm to advise and assist with the remediation and internal control improvements, including to assist with the expansion and training of the Company's internal audit function, and to augment corporate oversight and internal audit coverage.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Except for progress made in the remediation actions described above, there were no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting during the three months ended March 31, 2018, that have materially affected, or are reasonable likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a – 15(f) and 15d – 15(f)).

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

On April 7, 2017, Conister Bank Limited filed a complaint in the High Court of Justice Chancery Division, as claim no. HC-2017-001045 against our subsidiary, Virtual Lease Services Limited (“VLS”). The complaint alleges that VLS was in willful default of their agreements with Conister Bank Limited by failing to fulfill its obligations under the agreements with Conister. The complaint was settled and dismissed on March 19, 2018, for £300,000 (approximately \$421,000) of which insurance covered £209,000 (approximately \$293,000).

Item 1A. Risk Factors

None.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

On February 27, 2018, the Company announced that it had continued the stock repurchase program permitting the Company to repurchase up to 500,000 of its shares of common stock commencing February 27, 2018 and continuing through June 30, 2018. The following table provides the repurchases made from February 27, 2017 through March 31, 2018.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities				
Month	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number of Shares that may be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
Mar-18	31,799	\$ 4.71	31,799	500,000

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

- 31.1 [Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 \(CEO\)](#)
- 31.2 [Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 \(CFO\)](#)
- 32.1 [Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 \(CEO\)](#)
- 32.2 [Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 \(CFO\)](#)

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

NETSOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

Date: May 14, 2018

/s/ Najeeb U. Ghauri
NAJEEB U. GHAURI
Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 14, 2018

/s/Roger K. Almond
ROGER K. ALMOND
Chief Financial Officer
Principal Accounting Officer

Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350
As Adopted Pursuant to
Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Najeeb Ghauri, certify that:

- (1) I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2018, of NetSol Technologies, Inc., (“Registrant”).
- (2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this annual report;
- (3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- (4) The registrant’s other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedure, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant’s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) disclosed in this report any changes in the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant’s most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant’s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting; and;
- (5) The registrant’s other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of the internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant’s auditors and the audit committee of registrant’s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant’s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 14, 2018

/s/Najeeb Ghauri
Najeeb Ghauri
Chief Executive Officer
Principal Executive Officer

Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350
As Adopted Pursuant to
Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Roger K. Almond, certify that:

- (1) I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2018, of NetSol Technologies, Inc., (“Registrant”).
- (2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this annual report;
- (3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- (4) The registrant’s other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedure, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant’s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) disclosed in this report any changes in the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant’s most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant’s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting; and;
- (5) The registrant’s other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of the internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant’s auditors and the audit committee of registrant’s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant’s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 14, 2018

/s/ Roger K. Almond
Roger K. Almond
Chief Financial Officer
Principal Accounting Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT BY SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of NetSol Technologies, Inc. on Form 10-Q for the period ending March 31, 2018, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned, Najeeb Ghauri, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to ss. 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13 (a) or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and,
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: May 14, 2018

/s/ Najeeb Ghauri

Najeeb Ghauri,
Chief Executive Officer
Principal Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT BY SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of NetSol Technologies, Inc. on Form 10-Q for the period ending March 31, 2018, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned, Roger K. Almond, Chief Financial Officer, and Principal Accounting Officer of the Company, certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to ss. 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13 (a) or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and,
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: May 14, ,2018

/s/ Roger K. Almond

Roger K. Almond
Chief Financial Officer
Principal Accounting Officer
